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FIRST EDITION.

MIDNIGHT.

FOREIGN.

The Elections.

REPUBLIC SAFE.

Bonapartists Beaten.

ITALIAN MATTERS.

Trouble in Egypt.

JUDGE DOWLING AT WORK.

FRANCE.

THE ELECTIONS.

PARIS, July 4.—A general estimate of the supplementary elections show that of the one hundred and forty deputies elected, one hundred and twenty are Republicans, eight Legitimists, and twelve Bonapartists. The official returns will differ but little from this estimate. Faidherbe, Gambetta and Danfert are each returned from the different Assembly districts. The majority of the Republicans elected belong to the moderate wing of the party, the proportion being 95 Moderates to 25 Radicals. The unexpected strength declared by the Republicans in the Provinces discourages the partisans of monarchy. The failure of the Imperialists surprises nobody, but the weakness of the Legitimists produces a sensation. It is feared that the Assembly will be more divided than ever, and that it will be impossible to obtain a compact working majority, or to determine which party has the balance of power.

REPUBLICANS REJOICING.

The Republican journals rejoice over the overwhelming vote given for the candidates of their party in the country districts, and regard the victory as one calculated to strengthen permanently a Republic in France. The monarchical press, on the other hand, show signs of panic, and accuse each other of lack of devotion and energy in the cause.

WILL RESUME.

The *Press* will resume publication to-morrow under the management of Guerrier.

COMPULSORY SERVICE.

Faidherbe has written a letter proposing a system of compulsory service in the army for two years.

WHICH IS RIGHT?

It will be observed that there is an irreconcilable difference in all the reports relating to the number of vacancies in the French Assembly to be filled at the supplementary elections. The dispatch above speaks of one hundred and forty delegates having just been chosen, whereas, the previous accounts gave only about one hundred and twenty from one hundred and fourteen vacancies to be filled in all.

THE BORDEAUX PROGRAMME.

PARIS, July 5.—The *Journal des Debats* says that the election details are favorable to the Bordeaux programme. The victory not is one for the Republicans, who owe their success to the division of their opponents, but for the order and peace Republicans, however jubilant over their success.

BONAPARTISTS CONDEMNED.

The *Siecle* says that the Bonapartists have been condemned by the results of the election, and that the Legitimists have not increased the position of a small minority.

TO BE RAISED.

The siege of Paris will probably be raised to-day as a prelude to the removal of the Government from Versailles.

LATEST CLASSIFICATION.

The latest classification of members of the Assembly, chosen on June 4, is as follows: 86 Thiersites, 13 Radicals, 2 Legitimists, 3 Orleanists, and 1 Bonapartist.

EVACUATION DEMANDED.

The French Government has demanded the early evacuation of the forts near Paris, and the Department now occupied by the German troops. Bismarck has declined to give a positive promise to comply, with the demand.

COMMERCIAL TREATIES.

A Commission has been appointed by the Government to take evidence in England and France as to the working of commercial treaties.

EGYPTIAN TROUBLE.

A difference has arisen between the Egyptian Government and the French Consul at Cairo, in consequence of an illegal arrest of a French citizen named Barthe. Satisfaction has been demanded by France, and negotiations are pending for a settlement of the dispute.

A PERMANENT CAMP.

PARIS, July 5.—A permanent Camp will soon be established at Satory, replacing the Camp Chalons.

A DENIAL.

Count Palikao publishes a denial to General Trochu charges relative to the course pursued by the Count on the 4th of September, wherein receives a denial of the events, time and crimes that he acted properly in all respects.

VICTOR HUGO.

Victor Hugo received only 57,000 votes as candidate from Paris for a seat.

SUPPORT FOR THIERS.

The elections have increased the majority of the supporters of Thiers in Assembly by fully one hundred.

COURT MARTIAL.

The Court Martial meet here on the 10th.

BITTER AGAINST GERMANY.

PARIS, July 5.—The *Cloche provinciale* has a bitter article against Germany saying: We shall not forget our duty, and the blood which grows high over the graves of the slain and that bird of omen, the Austrian eagle, accosses to hover over the east of France. We have discovered the secret of victory—revenge. 900 regiments are ready under the hand of friendship. When we stretch out our arms toward Germany let her tremble because it will be to strike those who taught us our fate.

UNWISE.

The *Gazette de France* pronounces the Republican triumph a real misfortune for the country. Encouraged by other successes, the Left will become more daring and more dangerous.

WISE.

The *Liberte* rejoices over the victory and urges the next Deputies to leave behind them all mere partizan feeling when they enter the Chamber.

AWAITS.

The *Avenir*, Liberal Bonapartist journal, acknowledges the disheartening blow to innovators, who hitherto were critics, but are now masters of the field, and believes they will not be held excused for their past errors if they do not outdo their predecessors, against whom they were so pitiless.

PASSED.

VERSAILLES, July 5.—The Assembly has passed the bill requiring the deposit of caution money by the press.

ENGLAND.

THE EMPEROR OF BRAZIL.

LONDON, July 4.—The Emperor and Empress of Brazil paid a visit to Queen Victoria to-day.

GEN. SICKLES.

LONDON, July 5.—The *Daily News* says that Sickles has arrived in London and is going to Germany.

THE FOURTH.

A banquet was given yesterday by the American residents in London at the Langham Hotel. A reception was also held at the residence of Mr. Schenck, in honor of the Declaration of Independence.

STEAMERS ARRIVED.

LONDON, July 5.—The steamer Caledonia from New York, the Moravia from Quebec, touched Moville and the France from New York touched at Queenstown.

JUDGE DOWLING AT WORK.

Last night four burglars attacked the house in this city at which Judge Dowling of New York was visiting. The Judge, unaided beat them off.

ITALY.

FESTIVITIES.

ROME, July 5.—The King held a grand review yesterday of the regular troops and national guards. He was enthusiastically received by the soldiers and spectators. The municipality of Rome gave a brilliant ball, last night, at which the King was present. At the close of the festivities his Majesty started for Florence.

UNUSUAL.

There has been an unusual attendance of Cardinals and other dignitaries of the Church at Court during the King's stay in Rome.

THE KING.

FLORENCE, July 5.—Victor Emanuel has returned from Rome.

BANQUET.

ROME, July 5.—At a banquet last night Signor Visconte made a speech, in the course of which he declared that the conduct of the Romans during the visit of the King justified the transfer of the capital, and proved that Rome was profoundly attached to the dynasty.

GERMANY.

ACCEPTED.

BERLIN, July 4.—The Crown Prince Frederick William has accepted the invitation of the King of Bavaria to be present at the triumphal entry of the Bavarian troops into Munich.

BISMARCK.

Bismarck has gone to his Varsein estate.

CHANGE OF BASE.

Some of the French soldiers who have been disbanded since the cessation of hostilities, are now seeking to enter the Austrian army.

THE EMPEROR.

BERLIN, July 5.—Emperor William will shortly go to Ems to meet Czar Alexander who is still at that place.

SPAIN.

THE CORTES.

MADRID, July 4.—The Cortes continues the discussion of the budget. The reports circulated here as to the alleged disturbances at Havana are now known to be unfounded.

DENOUNCED.

During the debates in the Cortes, Senor Nocedal took occasion to denounce in bitter language King Victor Emanuel's occupation of Rome. Senor Olozaga only protested against the expression of any opinion on the subject by the Cortes.

INDIA.

RECONCILIATION.

BOMBAY, July 5.—The reconciliation between Ameer Cabul and Yakoob Khan is due to the intercession of the Viceroy of India.

PERSONAL AFFRAY.

A serious personal affray has occurred at Bangalore, in which two British officers were shot.

PORTO RICO.

ELECTIONS.

PORTO RICO, June 30, via HAVANA, July 5.—The election of Deputies to the Spanish Cortez is over. The Conservative Spanish party elected Sany, Ex-Captain General of the Island. He was their candidate at the capital. The Radical party elected fourteen members in the same district by immense majorities.

BELGIUM.

GAMBLING PROHIBITED.

BRUSSELS, July 5.—The Senate has adopted a law prohibiting gambling at Spa.

AUSTRIA.

THE BUDGET.

VIENNA, July 4.—The Upper House of Reichsrath has passed the Budget.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, 4:30 P. M., July 5—Consols 92¾; Money 92¾; account, 5-20's '62, 91⅝; do '65, 91⅝; do '67, 91⅞. 10-40's 89¾.

PARIS, July 5.—Rentes 52f. 20c.

LIVERPOOL, July 5.—Cotton active and firm, middling uplands 8⅞@9d; California wheat, 10s 7d; spring 10s 5d@10s 6d; winter 11s 2d. Flour 26s. Corn. No 2 mixed 30s 9d. Pork 93s 6d. Bacon 56s. Lard 63s 6d. Cheese 57s.

NEW YORK.

The Pittsburgh Sir Knights—Long Branch Races—Drowned—Fraud—Sentenced—Army of the James—Pet Halstead's Funeral—Canal Fallen In.

NEW YORK, July 5, 1871.

OUR KNIGHTS IN ENGLAND.

A cable dispatch says that the American Knights Templar, from Pittsburgh, were entertained in a magnificent style yesterday by the Earl of Shrewsbury and Talbot, at his seat at Alton Towers, in Staffordshire. In honor of the day and his guests, the Earl caused the American flag to be raised over the hall by the side of the ancient banner of the Talbots. Divine service was held in the chapel and a banquet was served in the hall. The Earl, in the course of the banquet, welcomed the Americans, and Sir Knight W. F. Tudor, of New Orleans, made an appropriate response.

LONG BRANCH RACES

Nearly fifteen hundred people were on the race course at Long Branch, yesterday, the steeple chase being the chief attraction. It was exciting, but was attended with an unexpected accident. Julius and Tammany had thrown their riders and the race was between Oystermian and Duffy. As the latter was taking the last hurdle she struck the fence, and in falling she fell on a fence pale, injuring herself in such a manner that she bled to death. Oystermian won the race. The second race, mile heats, was won by Susan Annie, time, 1:52¼. The third race, mile and a half dash, for stakes, was won by Harry Barrett; time, 2:52¾.

CANAL FALLEN IN.

Intelligence has been received of the falling in yesterday of a portion of the bottom of Wyoming Canal over Hunsyon's coal mine near Wilkesbarre, Pa. The accident caused a hole fifty feet long and of the width of the tow path, and involved the flooding of the Enterprise mine, J. H. Sawyer's slope and shaft, Mitchell mine, part of Bowkley mines, Elliott & Co., and probably the works of Mr. Hillman, as these mines are all connected with the gangway. The amount of damage will be heaviest in the stoppage of the works probably for some weeks. The canal will also be useless for a time.

DROWNED.

Isaac Van B[illegible], of Stuyvesant Falls, was drowned yesterday morning while bathing in Kinderhook Creek. His body was recovered.

CHICAGO.

The Crops.

CHICAGO, July 5.—The Desmoines Iowa *Register* of yesterday has information from every direction in Iowa that the wheat crop is turning out much better than was anticipated, that the bug and rust have not accomplished so much destruction as was supposed and that the rains of the past few days have helped the crops wonderfully. It is now considered that the general average will be better than last year while the quality is highly satisfactory.

The corn crop is ahead of anything previously known in the State and is from two to three weeks ahead of the season.

The potato crop is also faring better than was anticipated, the bug declining to devastate so thoroughly as was usually been his custom.

Fruits also promise all that could be desired.

A FIEND.

Martin Meard, a farmer in good circumstances, residing near Gilman, Illinois, was arrested on Saturday for murdering his boy, aged eleven years, in a most brutal and fiendish manner, on the 14th ult. It appears from the testimony of Meard's wife that on that day, while Meard was sick in bed, the boy undertook to build a fire, but failing, stripped the child, laid him naked on a hot stove and roasted his back in a terrible manner. He then beat him unmercifully and placed him in his sick mother's bed, where he died in a few hours. The fiend buried the body of the murdered boy under a hedge, and then went to town and publicly advertised that his boy had run away. Suspicions were subsequently aroused that there had been foul play, search made, the body found and the murderer arrested and is now in jail in Waukesha. Mrs. Meard witnessed the whipping and death of her boy, but was helpless by sickness in child bed, at the time.

Martin Meard, the Irishman arrested in the county jail at Watseka awaiting trial for burning and whipping his son, 11 years of age, to death, was taken subsequently to the jail at Geneva this evening and hung by an incensed mob of Irishmen. Two thousand men, followed by five thousand men, women and children. Meerd gave the Masonic signal of distress, which was responded to, and he renounced the craft. He was given an opportunity to speak and pray, and confessed his guilt in an address to the crowd. He then turned to the jail and was followed by a Protestant clergyman, and begged for mercy.

BRUTAL MURDER.

A dastardly and brutal murder was committed near the village of Shabbona Grove, DeKalb county, Illinois, on the evening of the third inst. Miss Joana McCormick, a beautiful young lady of seventeen years, daughter of Mrs. McCormick a wealthy farmer's widow, while sitting at the supper table with her mother, two younger sisters and a brother, was shot dead by a farm hand in the employment of Mrs. McCormick named John Reed. The reason for his committing the horrid deed was that the young lady Miss McCormick had refused to accompany him to a Fourth of July celebration on the following day. Reed threw two shots through a window from a double-barrelled shot-gun. The first shot entered her brain, killing her instantly. Reed returned the gun to a neighbor from whom he borrowed it, and fled. The whole neighborhood is in pursuit of him, and if caught he will pretty certainly be lynched at once.

MYSTERIOUS.

While the steamer Judy Johnson was passing down the Mississippi river just above Quincy, she was fired into by some persons on the shore. A man named Bennett was shot in the abdomen and another shot passed through his clothes. He is now lying at the Tremont House in Quincy, in critical condition. Two young men named James G. West and Charles Orr have been arrested on suspicion of being the guilty parties.

THE VICE PRESIDENT.

Vice President Colfax and wife are now in the city stopping with a friend.

WHEELING.

Terrible Storm.

WHEELING, W. VA., July 5—About three o'clock yesterday afternoon a terrible storm of wind and rain, accompanied by thunder and lightning, passed over the lower portion of our city. Houses were unroofed, chimneys, trees and fences blown down. Great damage was done to the wheat and corn in Marshall county. The tow boat Star was blown from her moorings across the river, but escaped injury.

SUICIDE.

Noah James, member of the State Legislature from Doddridge county in 1868, committed suicide by shooting himself on the 30th ultimo.

UTAH.

The Fourth.

SALT LAKE, July 4—There have been two great demonstrations to-day in honor of the nation's birthday. The City Council programme for all the Mormons and their Conservative Gentile friends consisted of a very imposing procession of Mormon merchants, tradesmen and school children, estimated altogether at eight thousand. Their patriotism was expressed in the new tabernacle. Two companies of United States soldiers were stationed in the city to preventany military parade on the part of the Mormons. The Liberal citizens, headed by the Federal officers, had their procession, which was very respectable though less in number. Their speaking was in the Reform Institute.

OSWEGO.

Fatal Steamer Accident.

OSWEGO, N. Y., July 5.—The propeller Maine of the Northern Transportation Company's line exploded her boiler last night a mile above Sodenburg. The engineer and a passenger were killed, and the fireman so badly scalded that he died since. The fireman's brother, who was working his passage, a porter and a deckhand were also badly scalded. The Maine was bound from Chicago to Ogdensburg.

PHILADELPHIA.

Fire at Bloomsbury.

PHILADELPHIA, July 5,—A fire in Bloomsbury, Pa., this morning destroyed four business places, with a greater part of their contents. Loss estimated at $20,000, mostly insured. Supposed caused by fireworks.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK.

THE CAPITAL.

The Civil Service.

PROCLAMATION,

Bowen Not Pardoned.

THE PLEASONTON TROUBLE.

The Weather Report.

A DISGRACEFUL RIOT.

WASHINGTON, July 5, 1871.

PROCLAMATION.

The proclamation of the treaty of Washington, dated yesterday, commences as follows: *By the President of the United States of America:*

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, A treaty between the United States of America and Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland concerning the settlement of all cases of difference between the two countries was concluded and signed at Washington by the High Commissioners and plenipotentiaries of the respective governments on the 8th of May last, which treaty is word for word as follows:

Here follows the treaty, and the proclamation thus concludes,

AND WHEREAS, Said treaty has been duly ratified by both parties, and the respective ratifications of the same were exchanged in the city of London on the 17th day of June, 1871, by Robert C. Schenck, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of the United States and Earl Granville, Her Majesty's principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, on the part of their respective governments.

Now, therefore, be it known that, I, Ulysses S. Grant, President of the United States of America, have caused said treaty to be made public to the end that the same and every article thereof may be observed and fulfilled with good faith by the United States and the citizens thereof.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done in the city of Washington, the fourth day of July, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one, and of the Independence of the United States the ninety-fifth.

By the President. U. S. GRANT.

HAMILTON FISH, Secretary of State.

BIGAMOUS BOWEN.

Mr. and Mrs. Bowen spent the great part of the Fourth in the jail yard, surrounded by a few friends and in view of the guards. They were waiting with much anxiety the arrival of the President's pardon of Bowen, which, however, had not been received last evening. They now expect to-day. Mrs. Bowen telegraphed to Bowen from Long Branch, on Sunday, that he was pardoned, she having, as she stated, received the information from the President Grant. She then hastened to Washington, arriving here on Sunday morning. She has spent most of her time with Bowen.

THE WEATHER.

The low barometer which existed on Tuesday afternoon in Upper Canada has moved northeastward beyond our stations. The weather fell decidedly in the Lake Region. Slight rain was reported from [illegible]. The pressure remains high on the south Atlantic coast, and has risen in the Gulf States. It has also fallen during the day west of Indiana and Michigan, and is now lowest from Missouri to Wisconsin. Southwesterly winds have prevailed generally during the day from Lake Michigan to Kentucky and eastward, with northwesterly winds in local winds. Southerly winds are reported in the southern States. Cloudy and rainy weather have likewise continued from Minnesota southward to the Missouri river. Local rains are reported from North Carolina and clear weather in the Middle and eastern States.

Probabilities—It is probable that a falling barometer with light rains and southwesterly winds will prevail from the northwest to-night Thursday as far as Lake Huron. Partially cloudy and pleasant weather are probable for the Eastern States. The weather will probably continue on the South Atlantic coast with cloudy weather in the interior. Disturbances merely local are no considered.

ARMY OF THE JAMES.

Extensive preparations are being made for the re-union of the society of the army of the James, to be held in this city on the 19th inst. The address of welcome will be delivered by Brevet Major General Joseph A. Dunbar, of S. Volunteers. Assistant Commissioner of Patents, Major General Terry, who was elected orator for the occasion at the last re-union, being compelled to decline the honor. A song written for the occasion by Doesticks, Q. K. Philander B. Thompson, will be one of the features of the banquet. The Executive Committee earnestly request as many former members of this army as can possibly be present, such as cannot attend are requested to signify their nonattention by their names and address to Chairman Gerchas S. Graham, 119 Broadway.

DISGRACEFUL.

The Oldest Inhabitants' Association, under escort of the Washington Light Infantry, having visited Mount Vernon yesterday, proceeded at Marshal Hall, on the Maryland side of the Potomac, for the purpose of taking the boat for Washington. Mrs. Reed was subsequently assaulted before a number of roughs made a vigorous attack on a colored servant accompanying the Washington party, some of whom interposed for his protection, and several were wounded with stones thrown by the roughs. The infuriated negroes then made a charge on the assailants, but listened to the restraining counsel of their commander, Col. Wm. G. Moore, Jr. But for this doubtless would have been bloodshed. The roughs finally dispersed.

CALLED IN.

The Secretary of the Treasury called in one million dollars of three per cents., of denominations of $5,000 in numbers between 1,711 and 1,789 inclusive, and $10,000 in numbers of 1,739 to 1,789 inclusive. Between the numbers mentioned several certificates of the denominations above mentioned will be returned, leaving outstanding one million dollars, also between numbers, interest on these certificates cease August 31st. After which time they will be no longer available as legal money for reserve by any National bank.

FRAUD.

At the Jefferson Market Police Court this morning Aaron A. Bradley, colored Senator from Georgia, observed Sanford B. Harris, financial inspector of the National Freedmen's Saving and Trust Company of this city, with cheating him out of $1,000 dollars. The complainant stated that on the 17th of June last he deposited one hundred and fifty dollars in the bank in question. On subsequently looking at the book Bradley found that only one hundred had been entered. Harris was held in five hundred dollars bail to answer.

CIVIL SERVICE.

The Civil Service Commission met at noon pursuant to adjournment and resumed the consideration of the practicability of the system of open competition examination. The Commissioners have received from England, a number of documents relating to the civil service in that country and also reports from several departments in Washington relative to the number of employes in the civil service under each respectively and the Commissioners expect to meet daily for sometime.

THE LEGISLATURE.

In the Territorial Legislature to-day the Judiciary Committee of the House of Delegates reported adversely on the petition of a number of female suffragists praying for the passage of an act conferring suffrage on females in the District of Columbia. A motion to refer the subject to a special committee was negatived by a vote of twelve to eight.

MASONIC.

The Grand Master of the Masons of this District has received from the Grand Lodge of England, splendidly engraved and illuminated on vellum, a resolution passed by the latter Grand Lodge thanking Hon. Schuyler Colfax for their hearty and enthusiastic welcome and reception given Earl De Grey and Ripon.

SENTENCED.

William O'Kell, the Broker, convicted of having received bonds stolen from the Northwalk bank, in September 1869, was sentenced to-day by Judge Wallace, to five years in the State prison. O'Kell made a statement to the Court in which he expressly denied being guilty of the crimes charged.

PLEASONTON.

A Special to the *Post* says: "It is generally thought here that the President will permit Pleasonton to resign rather than have Boutwell from his Cabinet, and those who understand the true situation of affairs predict that the President's return will be followed by the immediate retirement of Pleasonton.

SPIRITS.

A detailed statement of spirits in and out of bond in the United States on May 1st, 1871, exhibits the fact that out of 263,000 gallons of brandy in the country but 100,000 gallons is the genuine product of fruit, the remainder being compounds from distilled spirits.

MINISTER ARRIVED.

A letter from Lima mentions the arrival in that city in the latter part of May of Thomas Settle, of North Carolina, Minister to Peru. He was received with much public display and escorted to the President's palace.

OBSEQUIES.

The funeral of Representative Halstead took place from his late residence Newark this afternoon. There was a large attendance.

CANADA.

Appointed.

OTTAWA, July 5.—Hon. Mr. Tratch has been appointed Lieutenant Governor of British Columbia.

NAVAL.

The *Times* this morning referring to Sir Edwd Thornton's letter lately published, asserts positively that the instructions given the officers commanding the Dominion cruisers are in all respects similar to those received last year.

DEAD.

HAMILTON, ONT., July.—Rev. Dr. Neville, Rector of St. Thomas Church in this city, died last night.

CINCINNATI.

The Heath Zouaves.

CINCINNATI, July 4.—The challenge drill between the Heath Zouaves and Cincinnati Zouaves attracted many people. The Judge decided two points in favor of the Heaths two in favor of the Cincinnatis and two a draw, so the contest is a draw. The Heaths go next to Indianapolis. The two companies paraded together to-day.

SHOOTING AFFRAY.

CINCINNATI, July 5.—Two soldiers belonging to Newport barracks went into a saloon and boarding house in this city, No. 81 East Pearl street, about eight o'clock last night and engaged a room for the night. Their names were James Mitchell and Christ Leffinger. After four o'clock this morning the proprietor was aroused by a call for water from their room; on going up he found Leffinger shot back of the ear and Mitchell dead, the ball in the head entering behind at the base of the skull and coursing upward. Leffinger is alive but in a critical condition. Soldiers testify that Leffinger was very peaceable, but Mitchell was a dangerous man and had threatened Leffinger yesterday.

SOUTHERN TRANSPORTATION.

The Transportation Committee of the Board of Trade has been looking after prospects for Southern transportation during the coming three months when the Louisville canal will be closed. Its Secretary presented a report to-day stating that the Louisville Mail Line and Louisville Short Line will take freight to Louisville and connect for points below to reach Nashville and other Southern roads. Both the Louisville and Nashville and Evansville, Henderson and Nashville roads will compete. The latter road proposes to establish rates as low as by Louisville, and it is recommended as a valuable outlet to the city.

SOLD.

The sale of the grounds and race track of the Buckeye Club to the county for the use of the Agricultural Society, was consummated to-day by the execution of the deed and signing of an agreement giving the Club the use of the track four weeks each year. The deed is to be delivered on payment of a consideration of eighty-three thousand dollars.

FIRE.

The fire to-day destroyed Putman & Raeber's chair back factory and three dwelling houses adjacent. Wood stock. The total loss is about $18,000. It is supposed to have originated from the use of fire works.

POISONED BY ICE CREAM.

The family of Robert Simpson of College Hill were poisoned by ice cream last night. Antidotes were used successfully and all are expected to recover.

NASHVILLE.

Shocking Railroad Accident.

NASHVILLE, TENN., July 4.—A passenger train on the Nashville & Northwestern Railroad, which left here at 8:30 P. M. yesterday, comprised of two coaches and a sleeping car met with a deplorable accident at Harpeth River, about eighteen miles from Nashville. After the locomotive and baggage car had crossed the bridge it broke through, letting the rear coach and the remainder of the train fall with its load of passengers into the river, a distance of about forty feet. Fifteen persons, as far as known at present, were killed and about twenty-three wounded. The killed are: John Marshall, of Nashville; Judge Cheatwood, of Clarksville; Charles Campbell, wife and child, of Edgefield, opposite Nashville; three men unknown. The wounded are: William L. Yeatman and Mrs. Yeatman, of Kingston Springs; Mr. Pendergrast and Mrs. Wright, of White Bluff; J. C. Brocket, Cumberland Furnace; Mrs. Howard, of Marshal county. The wounded are W. W. Gee, brakeman; V. Hale, Point Isabella, Indiana; Mrs. Hemphill, of Tennessee; J. W. Scott, Mr. Widharts, Miss Clem Lake and John Campbell, Nashville; J. W. Cheatwood, Clarksville; Mrs. Alice Wright, White Bluff; W. Walker, Union City; D. E. Yeatman, Memphis; Thos. R. Yeatman, Memphis; Mrs. Spence, Mrs. Brown, Jonesville; John Regram and brother, conductor Louisiana, Mo.; Brown, Nashville; Robert Daniel, Bedford county; Thomas Hudson, Kingston Springs. None of the wounded are mortally hurt. The dead and wounded were brought to Nashville, presenting a sickening spectacle at the depot. The bodies of the dead strangers are left in an undertaker's for preparation for burial. The accident was the result of the weakness of the bridge. The train was running slowly.

MEMPHIS.

The Railroad Accident.

MEMPHIS, July 5.—The news of the terrible railroad accident near Nashville caused great excitement here. Mrs. Yeatman, who was killed, was the daughter of Jacob Moore, one of the wealthiest citizens of the city, and universally beloved. Her husband was a member of the firm of Yeatman & Anderson, commission merchants.

The Appeal publishes to-morrow:

NASHVILLE, July 4.—A meeting of the Nashville bar took place at 10 A. M., W. F. Cooper President. Appropriate resolutions expressive of sorrow for the accident to J. Hamberger, of Clarksville, and John Marshall, of Nashville, members of the bar, killed on the Nashville & Northwestern Railroad last night, and sympathy with the relatives, were adopted. Speeches were made by Judges Harris, Campbell, Shackelford, Cheatham, Stone and others. The terrible accident has placed Nashville in mourning.

MURDERERS.

MEMPHIS, July 5.—Early Evesen, who killed Edward Lyles last week, and Mike Maloney, who killed a negro two years since, came in to-day and surrendered themselves.

The trial of Van Roberts for the murder of Ada Jones last winter, commenced to-day in the Criminal Court.

Fayette Davis (colored) who killed Tom Craig, also colored, some months since, was arrested to-day.

ELEVATOR.

The City Council this afternoon granted the Memphis and St. Louis Packet Company the right to erect an elevator on the levee.

ST. LOUIS.

The Indians.

ST. LOUIS, July 4.—Colonel J. D. Miles, accompanied by Great Cloud and Big Elk, Chiefs of the Kickapoo Indians, arrived here last night from Santa Rosa, Mexico, where they have been to endeavor to prevail upon a portion of the Kiekapoo tribe, who seceded from Kansas some years ago to return north, but without success. They will now settle on lands in the Indian territory, which the government will set apart for them. They were successful so far as to induce the Mexican Kickapoos to send a delegation with them to examine the country. The latter are willing to make the change if they are satisfied it will be advantageous to them. It is said the Texas people are willing to subscribe two hundred thousand dollars to defray the expenses of moving them, and thus get rid of their raids and murderous expeditions.

A FRAUD.

The museum in this city has among its curiosities a so-called Indian girl. Yesterday Mayor Brown applied to the County Court for the removal of the child to an insane asylum on the ground that she is an idiot girl and cruely treated, being chained by day and confined at night in an iron cage, not proper for a human being. Dr. Jones, the proprietor of the museum, produced a certificate from Dr. Barret, City Health Officer, examined the child and report on the condition of the child.

CAPE MAY.

Grand Ball.

CAPE MAY, July 5.—The grand ball last night in honor of the New York Yacht Club was the grandest affair of the season. Chicago, Detroit and Cincinnati were represented by some leading belles.

MILWAUKEE.

Up in a Balloon.

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A PARIS housewife has published a book entitled "The Beleaguered Cook," in which she treats of the art of living during a siege, and gives advice how to prepare properly such dishes as were dictated by necessity during the late siege of Paris.

THE members of "The Northern Evangelical Society," as it is called, are a new order of perfectionists in Scotland, who believe themselves entirely sinless, as pure and innocent, indeed, as God himself, and that all other sects are devoid of the true spirit of religion.

WHILE the elephant presented to the Duke of Edinburgh in India, and brought home by him in the Galatea, was being conveyed to London by the mail train from Plymouth, it attempted to get out of the horse box in which it was placed. Its keeper, a corporal of the Royal Marines, was knelt upon by the animal and crushed to death.

TERRIBLE accounts are still received of the famine in Persia. At Yezd some 50 children have been killed and eaten by the starving Mohammedan population. So severe is the famine in certain parts not only have the dates and sugar of caravans been seized and eaten by the starving inhabitants of villages through which they passed, but the pack-mules were greedily devoured as well.

THE new opera house in Paris a month ago was used for an ambulance; the week after it was a fortress, and next to that a stable. At last accounts it was a kitchen where brave *lignards* were preparing most savory messes. The court theatre is the only building that has escaped the change of purpose. The court, for which the soldiers think themselves lucky to substitute nice fresh white bread, which they attack with relish.

WHILE nearly everybody seems to be under the impression that Louis II., the young king of Bavria, is one of the most popular monarchs that ever came of the house of Wittelsbach, his relatives, including his mother, the Queen Dowager, aided by the Ultramontane dignitaries of the Catholic Church have entered into an intrigue, which, it is said, they are confidently in hope will lead, at an early day, to the abduction of the king and accession of his younger brother.

A CORRESPONDENT, writing from the City of Mexico, says that the garden of the Plaza de Armas, which was created by the former Empress Carlotta out of a barren square, is one of the most beautiful spots in the whole country. It is in the heart of the capital, and, though surrounded by a fence or gate, not a blossom or plant of any kind, such is the reverence for poor Carlotta's memory, has ever been disturbed by any of the numbers of people who are always walking there.

M. TOUZE, a well-known actor of the Theatre du Chatelet, used to perform frequently in the military plays often given at that house, and he had his stage ward-robe in his own house; it included the complete uniform of a private in the line. His house was searched and a pair of red trousers found in his clothes press was set down as conclusive evidence of his being a deserter, despite his representations he was taken down into his own courtyard, where two bullets at once terminated his earthly and theatrical career.

BARON BRUNNOW, the Russian Ambassador to England and the Countess de Brunnow, gave, on the 15th a magnificent *fete* at Chesham house—a grand dinner, succeeded by a ball—in honor of His Imperial Highness the Grand Duke Vladimir of Russia, son of the Emperor, at present sojourning in London. Considerable preparations have been made for the party. The space under the portico of the Embassy and approach through the entrance-hall was carpeted with scarlet. The Prince and Princess of Wales, the Princess Louise and the Marquis of Lorne, Prince and Princes Teck, the Count and Countess Gleichen, His Serene Highness Prince Edward of Saxe-Weimar, the whole of the Foreign Embassadors and Ministers, and a host of the aristocracy, exceeding 700 in number graced the Embassy by their presence.

RECENTLY, in London, a deaf woman took her infant babe to church to have him baptized, and while she was waiting near the font she thought she would keep him quiet by feeding him from a bottle of milk. While the child was still taking his fnilk, the mother was summoned to the font. In her agitation, she drew the bottle from the babe's mouth hurriedly, when the nozzle came off and the milk was spilled upon the child's new clothes. When the clergyman took the child in his arms, he looked down at it and asked the mother what cause should be given it. She, with her mind troubled about the accident, thought he was asking how the clothing became soiled, so she answered "Nozzle come off." Rather surprised, he asked again for the name, and she, thinking he did not understand her, bawled out, "Nozzle come off, I say!" Whereupon the astonished divine sprinkled water upon the child's head and said, "*Nozzle come off Parkinson*, I baptize thee," &c.

BUFFALO.

Accidentally Shot.

BUFFALO, July 5.—John W. Davock, Treasurer of the Wodsworth Iron Works, and during the war Lieutenant Colonel of the 21st New York regiment, while walking in the street with his wife last evening was accidentally shot and killed by Mr. Emery, sexton of the First Presbyterian Church. Mrs. Davock has become deranged by the sudden shock. Emery had been firing a pistol on the street the entire day.

CELEBRATION AND REGATTA.

BUFFALO, July 5.—Owing to the inclemency of the weather yesterday the national holiday was not celebrated until to-day. A grand regatta was the grand feature of the day. The first class race for professionals was won by the Mckee Club of Pittsburgh in 20.09¾. The Tinning crew of Toronto was second in 20.21¾, and the Dillon crew of Toronto was third in 21.07¾. The Baushus Club of Buffalo capsized their boat directly after starting and withdrew to a distance. The race was three miles. The fireworks in the evening were a grand success.

BOSTON.

Explanation.

BOSTON, July 5.—The accounts of the recent sad death of the Rev. Dr. Sawyer and wife, of Claremont, New Hampshire, by drowning in the Connecticut river, have been quite generally, but inaccurately, supposed to refer to Rev. Dr. J. T. Sawyer, of Tufts College, and wife who are in good health at their home near Boston.

WOMAN'S RIGHTS.

The Massachusetts Woman's Suffrage Association held a mass meeting at Framington Grove yesterday which was well attended. Speeches were made by Lucy Stone, Mrs. Livermore, Mrs. Dr. M. B. Jackson, Abby Kelley Foster, Rev. Jessy H. Jones, Wm. L. Robinson, S. S. Foster and others. The burden of their remarks was in regard to the recent opinion of the Supreme Court of the State that women cannot be Justices of the Peace, which was severely criticised and condemned.

LITTLE ROCK.

Authoritative.

LITTLE ROCK, ARK., July 5.—The *Gazette* will publish to-morrow a letter from the War Department stating that Lieutenant Charles W. Caswell was dismissed from the army the United States in 1864 for appropriating Government property to his own use. A certificate will be attached from Gen. Mark Wood, late of the Twentieth Pennsylvania Cavalry, that Caswell and Charles W. Tankusley, the present Superintendent of the Arkansas Penitentiary, are the same. He was Speaker of the late House of Representatives.

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THE DAILY GAZETTE.

OFFICIAL PAPER
Of Pittsburgh, Allegheny City and Allegheny County.

GAZETTE BUILDING:
Corner of Sixth Avenue and Smithfield Street.

THURSDAY, JULY 6, 1871.

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

STATE.

AUDITOR GENERAL.
DAVID STANTON, of Beaver Co.
SURVEYOR GENERAL,
ROBT. B. BEATH, of Schuylkill Co.

COUNTY.

STATE SENATORS:
JAMES L. GRAHAM.
MILES S. HUMPHREYS.
ASSEMBLY:
First District—JAMES TAYLOR.
Second District—M. EDWARDS.
Third District—JOHN GILFILLAN,
D. N. WHITE,
H. K. SAMPLE,
J. W. BALLANTINE,
ALEX. MILLAR.
CONTROLLER—HENRY WARNER.
TREASURER—SAMUEL KILGORE.
DISTRICT ATTORNEY—THOMAS M. BAYNE.
ASSIST. DISTRICT ATTORNEY—J. S. FLACK.
COMMISSIONERS—JOSEPH DILWORTH.
JAMES McGUNIGLE.
SURVEYOR—ROBERT CLOGSTON.
DIRECTOR OF THE POOR—J. G. MURRAY.

BONDS at Frankfort, 96⅛.

PETROLEUM at Antwerp, 50.

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 113⅛@113⅜.

THE whole country will learn with regret that Vice President Colfax adheres to his determination not to again accept a nomination for office. We have seldom, if ever, secured the services of a more competent and worthy public man. He retires to the privacy of his home with the gratifying assurance that he has the unqualified respect of his countrymen.

DISPATCHES from Rome announce that a most enthusiastic reception was given to King Victor Emmanuel, on his entrance into that city. A large and distinguished deputation greeted him at its gates, and escorted him through. Prince Humbert, Senators, deputies and the Mayors of the most important cities of the kingdom turned out and welcomed him. This grand reception augurs well for the future of united Italy.

THE New York *World* waxes wrathy at those Democratic newspapers that repudiate the new departure. It says:

The Savannah, Ga., *News*, the Westchester *Jeffersonian*, and a few other journals calling themselves Democratic, but in reality being anachronisms merely, are comforting their seventeenth century souls with the statement that "all such true and tried Democrats as Hon. Jeremiah S. Black oppose the *World's* policy as a "false departure." The *World's* policy has nowhere been better stated than in the Pennsylvania address by the incomparable pen of Mr. Black. When will these Bourbon ghosts stop their squeaks and gibbers, pluck up their petticoats and vanish. Gentlemen, the day is breaking.

The *World* cannot tolerate theopposition and gibberish of the papers of its own party which disagree with it. It says in effect, "I am Sir Oracle, and when I ope my lips let no dog bark."

THERE could be no better proof given of the importance and indispensable necessity of a protective tariff to stimulate to a healthy development the iron interests of the country, than the fact that in Cincinnati the value of iron manufactured increased from $5,305,606 in 1860, to $20,804,263. In the first mentioned year there were only 3,835 hands employed, whilst in the last there were 10,723. A protective tariff gives vitality to American industries and employment to American operatives. The Cincinnati ironmasters could not have increased their business so largely under the operation of free trade laws, nor employed seven thousand hands more in 1870 than they did in 1860. The workingman needs no better argument to convince him of the necessity of a protective tariff to secure his bread and butter.

A SOCIETY was organized in this city, some time since, to prevent cruelty to animals. There was a considerable florish of trumpets at the time of its organization, but we have heard nothing of its operations since. Indeed we do not know that it has done anything to prevent cruelty to those dumb animals which the great Creator has given humanity the authority to rule over, but not abuse. And yet, there is in these cities a wild field for operations of this kind. Wicked boys may be seen torturing dogs and cats, as well as each other, every day. Stalwart knights of the whip and the ribbons may as often be seen abusing, in the most unmerciful manner, that noble animal, the horse, and yet no notice is taken of their wanton cruelty. We are great on organizations in these cities, but very slow in carrying them into practical efficiency. We have a "ring" of reformers who readily grasp at any thing and every thing suggested that savours of benevolence and philanthropy. They call meetings without consulting any person outside their own circle, go through the formality of organizing, place the names of a few citizens of standing and worth on their board of officers, whose business and other engagements prevent them from taking an active part in the operations of the society, publish them to the world, and that is generally the end of it. If we are mistaken in regard to the Anti-Cruelty to Animals Association of this city, we will cheerfully make the necessary correction. But even if it is doing anything, its labors are not adequate to the suppression of the evil. Something more efficient should be done to bring to punishment those infuriated demons that are seen daily on our streets abusing animals that have more sense than their inhuman flagellators.

A legal question has been raised in New York as to the right of the President of the Society for the prevention of cruelty to animals in that city, to detain street railway cars and other vehicles, which are drawn by horses that are unable to perform the labor imposed upon them, and Mayor Hall addressed a letter to the Board of Police, in which he declares the Association has no right to do so, and suggests that the police should not aid it any longer. The Mayor does not deny that the society is actuated by "philanthropic" motives, but holds that the course pursued by Mr. Henry Bergh, the President, is a source of great inconvenience to pedestrians and passengers. He suggests that instead of blockading the thoroughfares by the stopping of vehicles, the drivers and others, who violate the law prohibiting cruelty to animals, should be arrested, and subjected to legal process. This would be the proper course, and if it were pursued here it would be a great mercy to the animals that are mercilessly abused every day on our streets.

THERE are still some confiding Democrats in the South who are willing to maintain a complete silence in regard to dead and living issues, and "let their friends in the North manage their cause for them." But before a pad-lock is put on his lips, Alexander H. Stephens wants to know, very properly, who their friends at the North are. The southern fire-eaters reposed too much confidence in their northern allies in 1861, and he is of opinion that great caution should be had now in this regard. He must have a clear definition of what the term "friend" means. The northern friends of the South did not rise up full mailed to assist in the maintenance by force of arms of the doctrine of States' rights when Sumpter was raked with rebel fire, and having been deceived once, he is unwilling to trust them again until they give sufficient pledges that they will keep, inviolable, their faith with their southern brethren, and define distinctly what their position is. He "neither claims nor looks upon as friends or allies, any men or party, North or South, who are not *true* to the Constitution, or hold that "the openly confessed usurpations attending the reconstruction acts have all been settled in the manner and by the authority constitutionally appointed." It is evident, then, that Mr. Stephens does not recognize as friends or allies those members of the Democratic convention at Harrisburg who declared that the constitutional amendments were adopted "in the manner and by the authority constitutionally appointed." But it will be difficult for him to tell who are and who are not his friends, for there is to be a war of construction waged over the constitutional amendments. Some contend that they are "facts accomplished" through constitutional means, whilst others denounce them as the result of gross usurpations of power, and hold that they were passed at "the point of the bayonet, by perjury and fraud." The meaning of Stephens is then, that such papers as the Pittsburgh *Post* will have to define their position clearly and unequivocally, and denounce the constitutional amendments as "gross usurpations of power" before they can be recognized as friends or allies by the South. The quarrel is not ours, but we think the demand of Stephens is perfectly fair. There should be a distinct understanding on the subject. There should be no game of fast and loose between these brethren. We fear, however, that there is not political honesty enough among the Northern allies of the Southern Democracy to cause them to state their views explicitly. They wish to secure the spoils, and care not as to the means by which they may be secured. But Stephens and his coadjutors have a primary regard for principle, and make the spoils a subject only of secondary consideration. In this they exhibit more honesty than their professed friends at the North. But the country would not be safe under the management of either.

THE JULY DEBT STATEMENT.

The Treasury debt statement for July is unexpectedly favorable, the total reduction of the debt during the month of June amounting to over $7,000,000. The reduction is exclusively due to the continued heavy coin receipts for custom duties on imports, the gold balance being increased to over that of last month by an amount equal to the total reduction of the debt. Over fifty-one millions of six per cent. bonds have been cancelled by exchange for a similar amount of five per cents under the new funding system, and six millions of six per cents have been cancelled by purchase.—*N. Y. World.*

We are glad to see our Democratic cotemporary doing even this tardy justice to the wisdom and economy of General Grant's administration. It is late, but nevertheless welcome, showing as it does that even the most bitter enemies of the President are compelled to give him credit for his faithful administration of the affairs of the nation.

There is another important admission contained in the above extract, which must not be permitted to pass without notice. The Democrats are continually complaining about the present *protective* tariff, and demanding one more specifically intended as a *revenue* tariff. The statement that the decrease in last month's debt statement is "exclusively due" to the large coin receipts *for customs* is a sufficient answer to such demands. The present tariff is not such an one as can be classed as protective. It is more a revenue than a protective tariff, as the large importations of iron and steel abundantly prove, and as the receipts from custom duties all bear witness.

Another statement contained in the above, we wish particularly to call the attention of our neighbor, the *Post*, to, that is, that "over fifty-one millions of *six* per cent. bonds have been cancelled by exchange for a similar amount of *five* per cents, under the new funding system, and six millions of six per cents have been cancelled by purchase." Is there a sane man in the land who is not satisfied that the administration is doing all in its power to lighten the burdens of the people, and honestly fulfilling the responsible duties imposed on it? Could any one do more?

THE EXCURSION AND WINE.

The Presbyterian *Banner*, referring to the recent excursion over the Pittsburgh and Connellsville railroad, and the banquet given to the distinguished Baltimoreans at City Hall, indulges in some strictures which are not all sustained by facts. Our religious contemporary says, "On the cars, in the hotels, and in the banquet room, wine flowed freely, until an amount which a few years ago would have been considered fabulous, was consumed," and adds, "It was little short of an insult for the authorities of the Connellsville Railroad and our City Councils to hold up such an exhibition as that given last week to the view of our citizens."

We do not know the source whence the *Banner* derived its information, but we do know that all it says is not in accordance with fact. Wine did not flow freely "on the cars," so far as we saw, and we are generally observant of everything that takes place wherever we are present. There was wine, or some other liquid on the train, but for the life of us we could not tell what it was. Our contemporary knows better than we do. But during the whole day we did not see more than a dozen of bottles, the contents of which, no matter how much "over proof," would not have made many persons drunk. That there may have been more we will not deny, but that was about all that came under our observation. If the editor had been present, and witnessed all the scenes that transpired, and it, moreover, he knew the character of William Oden Hughart, Esq., the efficient President of the Connellsville road, we do think he would not have indulged in such seemingly harsh language, as to say that "it was little short of an insult for the authorities of the Connellsville Railroad, &c., to hold up such an exhibition." We believe Mr. Hughart is an active and consistent member of one of our Presbyterian churches, and has taken a lively interest in several benevolent and philanthropic enterprises in our city. He is temperate both in his words and actions, and, so far as we know him, is in every respect a model gentleman. We believe he is incapable of offering an "insult" to any man or any community, or doing any thing that might be construed into insult. From the time he joined the excursion party at Hazelwood till the train reached Cumberland, he scarcely lifted his eyes off the track. In the entire distance between these two places, we think there was not a rail, cross-tie, chair, bolt or spike that he did not examine. He certainly set an example of temperance as well as devoted attention to the important thoroughfare which he has the pleasure of seeing completed through his energy and enterprise. The righteous, then, should not be made to suffer with the wicked. We do not know that the extract which we have taken from the *Banner's* article was aimed specially at Mr. Hughart, but as he is the chief authority of the Connellsville road, and accompanied the excursionists, we suppose it would be so interpreted. We think it due then, to a most worthy and exemplary gentleman to say that so far as he was concerned, nothing approximating an insult was offered to any one.

As to the other matters referred to by the *Banner*, we cannot speak, inasmuch as we were not eye-witnesses. But we have no apology to offer for irregularities or indecencies if they did occur. We trust that for the honor of our city, they have been greatly exaggerated. We admit very freely that there is great need for a department, both for social and private etiquette, in our literary institutions, and hope to see one established soon.

SUMMER CORRESPONDENCE.

Pleasant Trip to New Brunswick and Nova Scotia—The Anthracite Coal Regions of Pennsylvania—The Fisheries and the Treaty of Washington.

In the spring time of the year, while the weather was cool and agreeable for traveling, I left the oil regions, with its greasy, oleagenous matter, to visit my friends in the anthracite coal regions of Pennsylvania.

I took a ticket from Franklin to the Great Bend, but found out that I had to get out of the cars at Binghampton, in order to make a connection to Scranton.

While at the latter place I visited Dr. McCune, dentist, who was formerly a resident of Franklin. He was doing a thriving business in that bustling city. I also called upon my old, esteemed friend, Lewis Pughe, Esq. He and his partner, Colonel Monies, Mayor of Scranton, have a large steam cracker bakery, and during the suspension they told me that they were selling three loaves for twenty-five cents—literally giving bread away. I loitered around the Lackawanna valley for a few days, spent the Sabbath in the New England fashion; attended the Methodist Church in the morning; listened to a very impressive sermon by the pastor, a most promising young divine. One of the deacons of the church came forward at the conclusion of the service and publicly gave a very severe rub to the members of the church for their apathy and indifference in contributing to the pastor's salary. I thought the remarks he made were very inopportune, considering the long suspension then prevailing at Scranton. Why greenbacks were even scarcer than silver? I suppose because the latter had been hoarded up in good times and came out now from necessity. I found the Sabbath school in the afternoon well attended, both by teachers and scholars of both sexes. On the whole, it bore a very flourishing and vigorous appearance, and reflected no small credit to the able superintendence of the Hon. Lewis Pughe. I visited Hyde Park, Providence and Olyphant, and could not help remarking the dull, heavy appearance all these places presented, being the effects of the long suspension—miners and boys hanging around the stores and saloons, all idle, and the only excitement I saw was marbles. It was amusing to see men, like overgrown boys, indulging in this favorite game of youth. I called upon Edward Jones, Esq., Burgess of the borough of Blakely. He had just returned from a visit to New York City, and he told me the citizens of the metropolis were down upon the mining interest for the suspension. Mr. Jones seemed happy and comfortable in the domestic circle, fond of his children, and well he may, with such a bevy of olive branches. I was surprised to hear that there was no Doctor or Lawyer resident to disturb the harmony of the borough. I left the Lackawanna Valley with a painful feeling of regret at no immediate prospect of an adjustment of the miner's differences with the powerful combination of capitalists operating throughout that valley.

I arrived by the D. L. & W. R. R. to Hoboken ferry, and hearing I could make a connection right away by steamboat to Boston, I hurried across to New York city, and was just in time to jump on board the boat before she sheared off from the wharf. I came to Fall River and thence by rail to Boston, but was disappointed after, that my smartness was of no avail. I had to lay over for three days before a steamer would sail for St. Johns, N. B. However after staying a night in Boston, I thought I might as well proceed to Portland, Me., and stay there until the arrival of the steamboat from Boston to St. Johns, N. B. Portland is much improved in appearance since the disastrous fire of the Fourth of July, the new buildings since raised are handsome noble structures. It possesses a fine harbour for shipping.

The host of the Halifax hotel drove me down in his wagon a distance of a mile to the wharf, where I embarked on board the "Commerce" for St. Johns, N. B., we had a very pleasant sail, and stopped at Eastport to land and receive passengers and cargo. I was highly amused at one lady passenger on board. She had a favorite pet dog with her in the saloon, and when the steward interfered and told her that she could not be allowed to have the dog there—she hugged the little creature in her arms, and with such a frown on her countenance replied that she would speak to the Captain then—I suppose she never did so, for I afterwards saw her leaving the steamer at Eastport and going on board the steamer for Calais—she was still hugging the dog in her arms—no doubt she was what is often styled an old maid—but anyhow she was graceful, tall and had a very pleasing countenance. After a delay of about an hour we pushed off the wharf at Eastport, and came merrily to St. Johns, N. B. I met on board the steamer a keen down easter who was on his way to Charlottetown, Prince Edward's Islands, drumming for consignments of eggs. Uncle Sam exacts no revenue tax on the produce of the fowls when imported. I suppose because the spread eagle is such a favorite bird. He gave me the business card of his firm as commission merchant in Boston. He reccommended me to the hotel he usually stayed at St. Johns so I accompanied him and found a middle aged English lady running the establishment on her own book, although I was informed her husband was living and he only came about once a week to see her. I was very comfortably boarded there for the night, supped and breakfasted with the Boston and an Italian; but the next morning we separated. The Italian and I came down toward the Empire for Annapolis, and a beautiful sail we had straight across the bay of Fundy, we could see the smoke distinctly from a fire that broke out that morning in St. John's for miles out at sea. I thought we were heading for the mainland when all of a sudden we came through a narrow passage called Digby gut, and then belched out into the sea again until we came to Annapolis. The weather was clear and bright with scarcely a ripple on the water. I landed at noon at Annapolis and ascertained that the cars would not leave there for Windsor, until 3 P. M., so I telegraphed on the 1st of April to my relations in Wolfville that I was coming. I found my cousin Joseph Weston, Esq., on hand to receive me, and I was safely conducted to his domicile, where his good lady paid ever attention to my comfort during my long stay there. I made myself quite at home, laughed, joked, and smoked, eat of the best of the land, both of fish, flesh and fowl, and before I came away I was so improved in health—that like the young pig and the rhubarb in the garden—there was a marked change in my appearence. I had gained ten pounds in weight, which was no small trifle considering that I was one of the light brigade. I had several pleasant drives in the country around the neighborhood, to Cornwallis, Kentville, Grand Pre, Lower Horton and all thrugh the Gaesareux and Valley, saw the dykes that were raised by the French settlers before they were driven out by the British.

I met with an accident one day when taking out a young Canadian pony to exercise, she was rather skittish and soon sent me on my knees and dragged me sprawling on the ground. I sprained my thumb and from the pain I suffered I was forced to let go the lines, when she galloped of at a furious rate and did not stop until she reached the barn, I was an invalid for some days, but the lotion that was applied to my thumb soon restored me. I proceeded to Halifax and there awaited four days anxiously expecting my cousin to arrive by the City of Limerick, mail steamer. She at last arrived on Sunday evening while I was at church She brought her piano on board. She had it carefully packed in a wooden box enclosed in an inner casing of tin, well soldered so that no damp could penetrate through. I had the trouble at the Custom House of seeing to get her friend—her companion—her "household God" passed, fortunately I succeeded without paying any revenue tax, or even having the box opened for examination by the Revenue officers. She has now got it safely conveyed to Wolfville, without even a scratch or a flaw. She entertained me before leaving with several of our favorite airs, such as "Yankee Doodle" "Ile on the brain' &c. Dame Europa will miss her refractory pupil, now as she has escaped from purgatory, and is enjoying the sweets of liberty.

The city of Halifax looks beautiful from the water, as it rose up, I don't know how high, to where the citadel or garrison is. I walked out one day in all the rain and cold to see the "Nemesis" mail steamer leave the wharf for Liverpool—quite a crowd had collected and among the number were several privates of our Highland regiment—with their bare legs and kilts on—cold as it was. A countless small ones, and mineral wealth as yet unknown. Into this vast field of enterprise only the head of the pioneer column has penetrated. In a quarter of a century it will be the abode of millions.

THE New Orleans *Picayune* thus alludes to the accession of A. H. Stephens to the editorial chair: "The flutter in the Democratic ranks generally takes the shape of complimentary deprecation, through which peers the suspicion of an unwritten curse upon the frankness and clearness with which Mr. Stephens enunciates doctrines of which the party was once boastfully proud."

HARDNESS OF HEARING.

We repeat what we have often said before in these columns that there are numberless persons who are sadly afflicted with slight difficulty of hearing, for which they have been taught to believe that there is no cure. The late investigations in the anatomy and structure of the ear, and the improvement of medicine in regard to the treatment thereof, have made these ailments as easy of removal as any other human infirmity. Dr. Keyser, who has an office in the rear of his Great Medicine Store, 167 Liberty street, has had uniform success in the treatment of all such cases, besides a vast variety of chronic diseases of a scrofulous character, embracing those of the skin and integumentary system; together with Fistula and Piles. Our citizens need not run off to distant localities when persons of such ability as Dr. K. possesses may be found in our midst. We always prefer giving home talent the distinction to which it is justly entitled, if, for no other reason, that prominent one, that such can always be found at their post when wanted, and need not wander all over the country in quest of patients.

THE BEST, PUREST AND COLDEST.

Soda Water, Kissengen, Blue Lick, Congress and Vichy and Saratoga, will be found drawn from the celebrated Frost King Soda Water Aparatus, at

JAMES E. BURNS & CO.'S
DRUG STORE.
Corner of Penn and Sixth streets.

Where you can find every kind of Family Medicines; Perfumes, &c.
N. B.—Try them and you will use no other.

HOW WE USED TO BE PHYSICKED.

Who does not remember the time when spring purgation was considered indispensible to summer health? No matter for wry faces, the inevitable salts and senna, rhubarb, or calomel and jalap, must be administered. These "spring medicines," the youngsters were told, were to keep them hale and hearty during the summer. We all know now that this was a fallacy; that new vigor, not depletion, is what is requested at the commencement of the summer solstice. As a preparation for the enervating effects of oppressive summer weather, a course of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is highly expedient. This famous vegetable preparation has three prominent properties. It invigorates, purifies and regulates all the functions of the body. It is composed exclusively of pure vegetable productions, viz.: the essential principles of Monongahela Rye, and the most efficacious tonic and alterative roots, barks, and gums known to medical botanists. Hence, it is an absolutely safe medicine, and no tincture of the Pharmacopoia can compare with it either in purity, or in the variety of its objects, and its comprehensive results. Happily for mankind, the theory that it was necessary to prostrate him, is forever exploded, and the true philosophical doctrine, that vigor is the great antagonist of disease, has taken its place. Hostetter's Bitters is an invigorant, and hence it is the proper medicine for the feeble at the most trying season of the year.

Be sure that you obtain the genuine article, as there are innumerable vile imitations in the market. Look to the ornamental stamp, the engraved label, and the name blown into the glass. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is sold in bottles only.

SELLERS'
Imperial Cough Syrup
Has given relief to thousands who have used it, and the proprietor is persuaded that it has the power to impart benefit that cannot be claimed for the cough mixtures in general use.
Most of the mixtures sold for coughs are composed of spirituous and inflammatory articles, which, while they give little relief, really do harm.

THE IMPERIAL COUGH SYRUP
Contains no spirituous ingredients whatever, and may be used in all cases not requiring active medical treatment.

Lindsays Impr'd Blood Searcher.
Cures Erysipelas, Scrofula, Ulcers, Cutaneous Diseases, Sore Eyes, Pimples on the Face, Scald Heads, Mercurial Diseases, Debility, Salt Rheum, etc.

Johnson's Rheumatic Compound.
One house in Massachusetts sold fifty bottles JOHNSTON'S RHEUMATIC COMPOUND with the AGREEMENTS, NO CURE, NO PAY. REFUNDED, and had only three bottles refunded.
Why endure aching limbs and stiff joints when there is such a certain remedy.

Sold by all Druggists.
PREPARED ONLY BY
R. E. SELLERS & CO.,
TTHS No. 45 WOOD ST., Pittsburgh, Pa.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FABER & VAN DOREN,
367 Liberty Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
STEAM ENGINES,
IRON AND WOOD WORKING
MACHINERY,
Steam Pumps,
Engineers' and Machinists' Tools,
STEAM FIRE ENGINES,
BELTING,
Woolen Machinery, Machine Cards.
Manufacturers' and Mill Supplies. A constant supply on hand and furnished on short notice.
ORDERS SOLICITED.

GRAFF, HUGUS & CO.,
Manufacturers of
Cooking and Heating
STOVES,
RANGES, FURNACES,
AND
Fine Grate Fronts,
INCLUDING THE
COLUMBIA COOK STOVE,
Confidence Cook Stove,
The Boston
DOUBLE-OVEN IMPROVED
Cooking Range,
Nile's Improved Star Range,
AND
FIERY FURNACE.
OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE:
206 and 208
Liberty Street.

The Northern Pacific Railroad and the Northwest Provinces.

The commercial influence of the Northern Pacific Railroad upon the British Provinces of the Northwest is already making itself felt. This influence no doubt, when cordial relations are established between the United States and the Dominion of Canada, will extend from the Winnipeg region to British Columbia, and will bring the whole of that vast territory known as the Fertile Belt, which was consigned to England by the Ashburton Treaty, into its natural union with the adjacent territories on the south. The natural, but the Province of Manitoba, having the earliest opportunity, seems likely to be most speedily benefited by it. Such results, in fact, may already be seen where the road is as yet only begun. The first session of the first Legislature of Manitoba was closed on May 26, and the most significant paragraph in Lieutenant Governor Archibald's brief "speech from the throne" was the following: "Great changes are impending in the material circumstances of this country. The arrival in your midst, within a few days, of a new and well-built steamship, constructed in view of these changes and to meet the wants which they create, laden, on its first voyage, to its utmost capacity with passengers and freight....heralds the events which are at hand, and closes the history of your isolation."

Hitherto the greater portion of the freight interchanged between Manitoba, (formerly the "Red river country") and the rest of the world, has been landed by wagons or carried on pack mules to and from Lake Superior. Such transportation, of course, was enormously expensive, and the condition of the province was practically one of what the Governor called isolation; but the Red River of the North has always offered a noble commercial outlet to the South, and when the Northern Pacific Railroad is completed to that river, as it will be in a month or two, Manitoba and the Winnepeg region will at last be in direct communication with the eastern provinces of the Dominion as well as with the markets of the United States. From where the Northern Pacific road crosses the Red river, boats can descend readily to Winnipeg, and crossing over to the mouth of the Saskatchawan, ascend that river for a thousand miles to the very foot of the Rocky Mountains near parallel 54°; and there is no doubt that this is the natural and only feasible route for the commerce of the whole vast area watered by these rivers.

Those emigrants, moreover, who have resisted heretofore all the inducements that could be offered by the Canadian Government, but are now hurrying toward the region, are not likely to be fascinated with the delusion of a Canadian Pacific Railroad when they have all the advantages of such a road without subsidies, without land-grants; and without taxes. They will have used and profited by the the Northern Pacific Railroad long before the Canadian enterprise can be started; and will have learned by experience that it is the true continental highway for the whole northwest, both north and south of the boundary line.

BISHOP.

A New Farm.

The Chicago *Evening Post* says:

The extent of new grain country that will be opened to settlement in the district of Manitoba can be inferred to some extent from a distance table given in the *News Letter*, published near Fort Garry. From Benson, the point where the North Pacific road crosses the Red River of the North, the distance to Lake Manitoba is three hundred and sixty miles, or about six hundred from St. Paul. It is divided into thirty-two stations or places, the names of which are mostly new to the world, but will soon grow familiar by use. The included grain-growing country, scarcely as yet intruded upon, is nearly six hundred miles in width by a thousand or more in length, full of prairie and forests, navigable streams, great lakes and

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Special Inducements
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
IN
Summer Dress Goods.

Lace Shawls and Jackets,
Light Woolen Shawls,
White Skirts and
Light Summer Skirts,
ALL DOWN AT THE LOWEST PRICES.

At 12½c. Wash Poplins—a great bargain.
At 12½c. Striped Alpaca Lustres.
At 12½c. Striped Grenadines.
At 25c. Plain and Striped Grenadines.
Plain Black Hernanis, very cheap.
At 6¼c. Fast Colored Prints.

AT 90c., 8-4 TURKEY RED
Table Damasks,
Direct from the manufacturers, Dundee, Scotland.

Having a large stock of Domestic, Cotton and Woolen Goods on hand, and enough of Foreign Goods ordered, on the way and in bond, there will be no advance in prices for some time, at
WM. SEMPLE'S,
165, 167 and 169 Federal Street,
ALLEGHENY.

1871. GREAT
First Great Semi-Annual
FOR 1871.
COMMENCING WEDNESDAY, JULY 5.
Extraordinary Bargains
IN ALL KINDS OF
DRY GOODS,
You Won't Believe
UNTIL YOU HAVE SEEN
HOW CHEAP WE SELL
Close Out Stock REGARDLESS OF COST.
M'KEE, MURPHY & CO.,
(LATE J. W. BARKER & CO.,)
No. 59 MARKET STREET
jy3:v74 BETWEEN THIRD AND FOURTH AVENUES.

GRAND
Closing Out Sale
OF
DRESS GOODS,
AT
The Lowest Prices in the City.
MOORHOUSE & CARSTEN,
21 Fifth Avenue,
OFFER A CHOICE AND EXTENSIVE STOCK OF
SUMMER SILKS
AND
DRESS GOODS,
WHICH WILL BE SOLD AT MUCH BELOW THEIR ACTUAL VALUE.
Lyons Black Silks $1.50, worth $2.00.
Lyons Black Silks $1.75, worth $2.25.
Lyons Black Silks $2.00, worth $2.50.
Japanese Silks, new and desirable.
Summer Silks, very cheap.
Summer Dress Goods below Importers' Prices.
Lace Curtains and Curtain Nets.
Shawls, Lace Jackets and Lace Mantles,
AT
Great Bargains to Close the Lot.
A fresh assortment of desirable styles
Linen Suits,
White Suits,
Colored Lawn Suits,
Swiss Suits,
At the Lowest Market Prices.
PLEASE CALL AND EXAMINE.
21 Fifth Avenue.
je23

DRY GOODS
ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & CO.
Offer their
New Spring Stock
AT EASTERN PRICES.
Lowest in Nine Years.
No. 115 Wood Street.
C. ARBUTHNOT, W. T. SHANNON,
J. G. STEPHENSON.
mh28:o

$100 to $250 PER MONTH guaranteed. Sure pay to all ambitious men and women selling our world renowned Patent Silver Mould White Wire Clothes Line. Business permanent. For full particulars, address the GIRARD WIRE MILLS Philadelphia, Pa. se8:x2-sow1

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NEW GOODS
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S.
New White Lawn Suits
FROM $3.50 UP.
LINEN SUITS,
Elegantly trimmed, at Low Prices.
The above suits were gotten up personally by one of the greatest merchants in the United States.
Ladies' Summer Underwear.
GREAT BARGAINS IN
PARASOLS AND SUN UMBRELLAS.
Hats and Bonnets,
Ribbons, Flowers
and Ostrich Tips.

At 7c., Ladies' White Skirts, a decided bargain
At $2 00, Light Woollen Shawls,
At 37½c. New Calico Shirts.
At 25c. White and Brown School Hats.
At 50c., Ladies' Colored Kid Gloves, slightly soiled, an extra good bargain.
Satchels, Fans, Hosiery, Gloves, Notions, &c., at
WM. SEMPLE'S,
165, 167 and 169 Federal Street,
ALLEGHENY.

SALE. 1871.
First Semi-Annual
FOR 1871.
DNESDAY, JULY 5.
ry Bargains
INDS OF
GOODS,
't Believe
HAVE SEEN
ARE GOODS!
HALL
egardless of Cost.
PHY & CO.,
ARKER & CO.,)
ET STREET
D FOURTH AVENUES.

"AKRON SEWER PIPE CO."
(Late Hill & Adams,)
Manufacture highly vitrified Stone Pipe for Sewer and Water purposes, both ring and socket from 1 to 24 inch calibre. Contractors and Plumbers supplied at lowest prices. Wholesale and Retail dealers in Chimney Tops, Flues, Fire Brick, Fire Clay, Tile, &c. Are also
GENERAL AGENTS FOR THE
Johnstown Improved Hydraulic Cement,
This Cement is equal to any cement made in the United States, in many respects better than the Western or Eastern, not excepting the Newbrun, better in all respects than the Uniontown or Akron Cement. It has a smaller amount of shrinkage, sets gradual, bears as much sand as any cement made, and gets as hard; stands frost well. It has all the qualities that hydraulic cement should have. The facilities for getting this cement is greater than all others in this market, less freight and fresher, which is an important matter. Having but a short distance to ship we can there fore sell cheaper than any other in the market.
REFERENCES:
JOSEPH WATSON, Master Mason Middie Division, Penns R. R. Co.
URIAH HACOX, Master Mason Western Division Penns. R. R. Co.
And the RESIDENT ENGINEERS of this road and various contractors of Pittsburgh.
Railroad Companies, Contractors and Dealers supplied at Manufacturers' prices. All orders promptly filled.
Office and Warehouse:
Nos. 65 and 67 Sandusky Street,
ALLEGHENY, PA.
C. G. McMILLEN, Agent.
Send for Price List. mv13:s36

WHOLESALE.
Morganstern & Co.,
78 and 80 MARKET STREET.
1,000 doz. RIBBED HOSE.
2,000 doz. PLAIN COTTON HOSE.
2,000 doz. MEN'S HALF HOSE.
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS—a complete stock.
A RIBBONS at Eastern prices.
WHITE GOODS OF ALL KINDS.
MARSEILLES AND COTTON TRIMMINGS.
A splendid selection of
PIQUES,
AT THE LOWEST FIGURES.
Embroideries all widths.
ROYAL DUKE PAPER COLLARS.
ARAGO COLLARS.
BOZ COLLARS.
DICKENS COLLARS.
SPOOL COTTONS.
ALL THE STANDARD MAKES.
Country storekeepers will find it to their advantage to look through our stock before purchasing elsewhere.
MORGANSTERN & CO.,
ap26:r28 78 and 80 MARKET STREET.

FIRE CLAY
WATER PIPES,
Chimney Flues,
AND
CHIMNEY TOPS.
HENRY H. COLLINS,
sp11:q12-TTHS 133 SECOND AVENUE

P. C. DUFFY,
146 GRANT STREET.
Has on hand a large and well selected stock of STOVES, TINWARE, FENDERS, COAL BOXES, FIRE IRONS, &c., which he offers to purchasers at very low prices. Call and examine my stock. ap1

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

LADIES
SUMMER
COSTUMES.
Traveling Suits and Dusters.
Just Received:
A CHOICE LOT OF
WHITE VICTORIA
Lawn Suits.
BUFF AND GRAY
Linen Suits.
ALL NEW STYLES
AND
Made in the Best Manner,
AND AT
EXTREMELY LOW PRICES.
Joseph Horne & Co.,
RETAIL.
je28

BAILEY & CO
Chestnut and 12th Sts.,
PHILADELPHIA,
JEWELERS & SILVERSMITHS,
Have completed arrangements with leading Makers in Europe, by which they are now enabled to offer
Fine Watches,
At very moderate prices.
Satisfaction guaranteed in all cases.
Goods sent by Express on approval.
Strangers are cordially invited to visit our establishment.
Watches.
TTHS

Joseph R. Hunter,
231 Liberty Street,
OPPOSITE WOOD.
AGENT FOR
Procter & Gamble's
CINCINNATI
LARD OIL.
CAUTION.—We call the attention of consumers to the practice of adulterating Lard Oil by mixing with it Cotton Seed, Oil, Rosin Oil, Seal Oil and other inferior Oils. *Our Lard Oil warranted* PURE.
Any person altering our Brand or copying our Trade Mark will be proceeded against according to law.
Sold by Pittsburgh Grocers and Provision Dealers. my27:MWF

American Watches.
Waltham Watch Co.,
E. Howard & Co.,
Elgin Watch Co.,
United States Watch Co.,
OF ALL GRADES.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
At the Lowest Prices in the City.
THE
"ZIMMERMAN WATCH."
This Watch, made by Karl Zimmerman, Liverpool, is fully equal to any watch in the market, not excepting the Vendham, its superiority is fully attested by the wearers of them in this city.
FOR SALE BY
MEYRAN & SIEDLE.
Sole Agents, 42 Fifth Avenue.
ap27:p52

10	25	50	75	$1.00	$1.50	$2.00
10	25	50	75	$1.00	$1.50	$2.00
10	25	50	75	$1.00	$1.50	$2.00
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10	25	50	75	$1.00	$1.50	$2.00
10	25	50	75	$1.00	$1.50	$2.00
10	25	50	75	$1.00	$1.50	$2.00
10	25	50	75	$1.00	$1.50	$2.00

These are the
LEADING PRICES
AT
EVANS'
DEPARTMENT
STORE,
56 Fifth Avenue,
MASONIC HALL.

STEAM HEATING.
Craig Brothers,
129 SECOND AVENUE,
PITTSBURGH,
Are prepared to contract for heating with the unrivalled apparatus, public or private buildin by indirect or direct radiation.
SOLE AGENTS FOR
Gold's Patent Cast Iron Radiator.
Would refer to the following buildings heate by us:
PITTSBURGH OPERA HOUSE.
LIBRARY HALL BUILDINGS.
SEMPLE'S DRY GOOD HOUSE
ALLEGHENY COUNTY COURT HOUSE
SECOND WARD SCHOOL BUILDING.
With Numerous Private Buildings.
ap28:s32-TTH

2,000 DOORS AND SASH
For Sale at Reduced Prices
BY
HEATH & SPEER,
Cor. Third St. and Duquesne Way,
PITTSBURGH.

1 inch Doors, 2 ft. 8 & 6 ft. 8 in. 4 panels,		$2.50
1¼ do. 2 ft. 8 & 6 ft. 8 in. 4 panels, raised		3.00
1¼ inch Doors, 2 ft. 10 & 6 ft. 10 in., 4 panels, rs sed		3.25
1¾ inch Doors, 2 ft. 10 & 6 ft. 10 in., 4 panels, raised		3.75
Sash, 8 x 10, per dozen lights		60
Sash,

FINANCIAL.

Robinson Brothers,

BANKERS,

No. 78 Fourth Ave.,

Buy and sell all kinds of

Government Securities, State, City and County Bonds, Real Estate Mortgages and Business Paper.

Orders Executed for the Purchase and Sale of STOCKS at the NEW YORK STOCK BOARD.

Interest Allowed on Deposits.

au2ed3

$100,000

Pittsburgh & Connellsville R. R.

SIX PER CENT. BONDS,

(TURTLE CREEK DIVISION.)

These Bonds are a first lien on the road now fully completed and in running order, and take precedence of the 7 per cent. bonds, are dated 1858, for thirty years, with interest, payable February and August.

For Sale at 86 and Accrued Interest.

IRA B. McVAY & CO.

my2r45

James T. Brady & Co.,

BANKERS,

Fourth Avenue and Wood Street.

Financial Agents of United States

FOR

FUNDED LOAN

Of 1880, 1885 and 1900.

SUBSCRIPTION BOOKS NOW OPEN.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.

Finance and Trade,

NEW YORK, July 5, 1871.

Gold has been strong and tolerably active at 113⅜@113½. Loans were made at from 1 to 2 per cent. Clearances about forty-five million dollars. It is doubtful whether the Treasury will put the price any higher, in face of the increased confidence in all descriptions of our securities in Europe, besides the negotiations which are about to be consummated in London for a large amount of railroad bonds, which will furnish all the exchange required for some time to come. The Government bond market was strong to the close. The advance for the day was equal to about one per cent., and German bankers were free buyers. The advance is to be attributed to the comparative firmness of gold here and the advance of bonds in London, together with the Treasury purchase of one million and the demand for reinvestment in July dividends. At the Treasury purchase the bids amounted to $1,811,750 at from 112.72 to 113.55; awards, $1,000,000 at from 113.50 to 113.42. Stocks have been dull, but strong, with the exception of Rock Island, which has been a drag on the best of the list. The chief interest still attaches to Lake Shore, Western Union, Ohio and Mississippi, Rock Island, Erie, Northwestern, St. Paul, and Wabash. Express and miscellaneous shares are without any feature. The market closed strong, but dull. Money plentiful at 3 per cent. State bonds dull and strong.

Sterling Exchange 110⅝.

GOVERNMENTS—Coupons of 1881, 115⅞; 5-20s of '62, 113½; do 64, 114⅞; do 65, 113⅝; do new do, 113½; do '67, 113⅝; do '68, 113⅝; 10-40s, 115; currency 6s, 94½, extra coupons.

STATE BONDS—Missouri, 91; old Tennessee, 71⅞; new do, 72¾; new Virginia, 68; old do, 66¾; old North Carolina, 27⅜; new do, 78.

MISCELLANEOUS—Western Union Telegraph, 59; Quicksilver, 11¾; Mariposa, do preferred, 51; Adams Express, 80; Wells Fargo, 60; American Merchants Union, 32¾; United States, 53¾; Pacific Mail, 43¾; New York Central, 97; Scrip, 92½; Erie, 27½; do preferred, 50; Harlem, 125½; do preferred, 133; Reading, 111½; Michigan Central, 120; Cleveland and Pittsburgh, 117; North Western, 73¾; do preferred, 91½; Rock Island, 109¾; New Jersey Central, 111½; St. Paul, 37½; do preferred, 81; Wabash, 58¾; do preferred, 80; Terre Haute, 27; do preferred, 55¾; Chicago and Alton, 125½; do preferred, 125½; Ohio and Mississippi, 27¾; C. C. & C., 89; Baltimore and Ohio, 105; Indiana, 100½; Illinois Central, 135; Union Pacific, 30¾, Central Pacific Bonds, 99¾; Union, 81¾.

Closing quotations as received by James T. Brady & Co.:

Gold	113⅝	5-20 Jan. & Jy. '65	113¾
U. S. 6s, 1881	115⅜	5-20 Jan. & Jy. '67	113¾
U. S. 5-20s, 1862	113¾	5-20 Jan. & Jy. '68	113¾
U. S. 5-20 1864	113¾	C. P. R. R.	91
U. S. 5-20 1865	114⅛	C. P. R. R.	103
U. S. 10-40	112⅝	Cy Pacifics	115

PITTSBURGH MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, WEDNESDAY, July 5, 1871.

ASHES—Common Soda Ash, 4¾@4¾; refined do, 4¾@4¾; Pearls, 8¾@9; Pots, 7¾@7¾.

BUTTER—The receipts continue liberal and with a supply considerably in excess of the demand, the market is dull and weak, though there is no quotable change to make in quotations: 16@18 for prime to choice and 10@14 for common to medium. Grease Butter, 8@9.

BEANS—Prime white $2.00@2.25 per bushel.

BROOM CORN—Very dull.

BEESWAX—Quoted at 25@35.

CEMENT—Louisville, $2.30@3.00 per bbl. Rosendale, $4.00@4.50; Calcined Plaster, $4.25@4.50.

COUNTRY BACON—Very dull, though the stock is not increasing. Country Lard, 9@10c.

CORN MEAL—The demand is light and restricted mainly to small lots while prices are unchanged, 80@85 cts per bushel.

CARBON OIL—Is quiet and unchanged. Standard brands, in a jobbing way, 23¾@24—usual advance for small lots.

CHEESE—Continues weak, under the influence of liberal receipts and only a moderate demand; we now quote prime Ohio Goshen at 12; prime Factory, 11 and Dairy at 9@10.

DRIED FRUITS—Prices unchanged. Apples, $2 for 2 lb and $3.00@3.25 for 3 lb cans. Corn, $2.50 for standard brands, including Winslow's.

EGGS—Continue rather slow, but there is no quotable change in prices; strictly fresh may be quoted at 16@17—the bulk of the sales at the inside quotation.

FRUITS—Green Apples, coming in freely and the market is well supplied; we now quote at $3@5 per bbl, according to quality. Oranges and Lemons, slow and easier; may be quoted at $6@7. Layer Raisins, $3 per box. Valencia Raisins, 13c per lb; Prunes, 10c for Turkey and 12c for French. Currants, 10c.

FLOUR—Is weak, under the influences of the decline in wheat, though as yet there is no general decline; buyers generally seem to be taking hold very sparingly, the coming crop may lower prices soon. Good spring extras may be quoted at $7; choice Minnesotas, $7.25@7.50; red winter wheat, $7.50@7.75. The receipts, particularly of spring wheat, continue liberal and our market must be pretty well stocked; however, dealers agree that it will be some time before there is any considerable amount of new flour ready to be thrown upon the market, and, even after that, old stock will have the preference.

GRAIN—Wheat continues dull and weak with a continued drooping tendency, notwithstanding the receipts are very meagre and there is little or no stock in the hands of dealers; we quote nominally at $1.30@1.35 for fair to prime red and $1.40@1.45 for white—a decline of fully 10 cts per bushel within the past week. Oats, seem to be weaker and holders generally are more anxious to realize, though as yet there is no quotable decline; we can report sales of prime white on track at 59—may be quoted at 60 in first hands, buyers furnishing bags. Corn is steady with a comparatively light stock, the demand is entirely local; good mixed ear in bulk, 67@68; mixed shelled, 69@70; prime yellow shelled, 72. There is very little Rye in store; dealers are paying $1.00 for small lots, and a round lot would bring $1.05.

GROCERIES—Sugars and Coffees are firmer, but there is no change to make in quotations; dealers generally regard the advance in Coffees as a bull movement on the part of the importers, and, consequently, have but little confidence in the advance being sustained, particularly so long as the stocks are as heavy as at present. Molasses and Syrups, as is usually the case at this season of the year, dull.

COFFEE—Fancy Rio, 19; Prime, 18; Good, 17; Fair, 16½; Roasting, 15¾@16.

SYRUPS AND DRIPS—White Honey, 72; Havemyer & Sliders, 72; Silver Drips, 60; other grades, 45@55.

SUGARS—Choice New Orleans, 11¼; prime, 11¼ good, 10¾; fully fair, 10¾; Porto Rico Sugars, 10¾@11¼; Cuba, 10@11; Demarara, 11¾@12¾.

REFINED SUGARS—Hard Sugars, 14; A Coffee, 13; "B," 12¾; Extra C, 12¾; C, yellow, 12¾.

MOLASSES—New Orleans, choice, 70; prime, 68; good, 65.

TEAS—Fancy Young Hyson, $1.40; Good, $1.10; Fair, $1. Lower grades down to 70cts. $1.10; Fair, $1. Lower grades down to 70cts. G. P. Fancy, $1.50; good, $1.25; fair, $1.10; Imperial Fancy, $1.40; good, $1.25; fair, $1; Oolong Fancy, $1.25; good, 90cts; fair, 70@80c Souchong Fancy, $1.25; good, 90c; fair, 75c. Japan Fancy, $1; good, 90c; fair, 75c.

RICE—Choice Carolina, 10c; prime, 9¼c; No. 1, 9c.

SPICES—Grain Pepper, 22c. Pimento, 17c. Cloves, 30c. Cassia, 55c.

HAY—Continues scarce and the recent advance is still maintained; sales of baled on wharf at $25@30. Wagon hay is quotable at $28@35.

HONEY—We can report sales in a regular way at 25@30 cts per lb, for fair to choice.

HIDES—Green Salted, 10¾@11¾; Green Butcher's, 8; Dry Flint, 21@22; Green Calf Skins, 14@15; Green Salted Calf, 17@18.

RUSHES—Quoted at 3¼@3¾ c⅌ lb.

HEMP—Rough Kentucky, $175 per ton; dressed, 14 cts per lb.

LIME—Perrysburg white, $2.00@2.25 per bbl; Cleveland $2.25; Eastern, $1.75.

MILL FEED—We can report an occasional sale of middlings at $1.70@1.75. Not much inquiry for coarse feed.

ONIONS—In good supply, dull and lower, $4@4.50 per bbl.

OILS—No. 1 Lard is still quoted at 75c, and in a round lot way, and 78@80 for small lots.

PEA NUTS—Quoted at 6@6½ cts.

POULTRY—Live chickens by the coop, 70@75 cts per pair.

POTATOES—New crop continue to come in freely and as the market is well supplied, prices are lower; we now quote at $4@5 per bbl —but few sales above $3.50. We can also report sales of (old crop) Lake Shore Peach Blows, at $1.45@1.50 per bushel.

PROVISIONS—Plain Shoulders, 7¾@7¾; ribbed sides, 9@9¼; clear, 10@10¼; sugar cured shoulders, 10¼@11; sugar cured hams, 16@16¾. Lard, 11@11¾ in tcs, and 12@12¾ in kegs. Mess Pork, $17@17.50. Dried Beef, 18@18¾.

RAGS—Sales, 4@4¼ cts per lb.

SEEDS—There is nothing doing in seeds. Flaxseed would sell but there is none offering. SUMAC—Sales Tennessee Sumac at ¾ cts.

WILLOWS—Sales Kentucky willows at 10.

PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, WEDNESDAY, July 5, 1871.

The oil market was very dull to-day, little or nothing doing either for present or future delivery, and, what is worse still, there is not much prospect of any immediate improvement. Refiners are insisting on a decline in crude, alleging that they cannot pay present prices, while the producers are disposed to be obstinate, and refuse to make concessions, they argue that stocks in the oil regions are pretty well reduced, that the production is considerably short of what it was this time last year; and they are also impressed with the belief that there will soon be an improvement in the demand for refined, and in that event the manufacturers will be enabled to pay better prices for crude. It is this difference between the manufacturers and producers that is causing the present stagnation, and until there is a radical change, one way or the other, stagnation is likely to be the order of the day. There is an almost total absence of anything like speculation, most of the leading speculators having fared so badly during the past few years, that they have, in many cases, been obliged to retire from the field—most of them in bad order.

CRUDE.

Seller July nominal at 12¾ b'd and 12¾ asked. Seller all year, 12 bid and 12¾ asked; sale of 12 cars, at Parker, at $4.85. Sales at Oil City 5 cars. The offerings are not large, and the demand, at present prices, is very light.

REFINED.

Very dull, not a single sale reported—market entirely nominal; prices are nominally unchanged. Spot, 25¾@25¾; August, 25¾@26; September, 26@26¾.

OIL RECEIPTS BY A. V. R. R.

Citizens Oil Works, 160, account Tack & J; Brilliant 4 W 74, account J Minhall; Standard O W 480, account Thos King; National O W 80, account Bates & G; Peerless O W 468, account Duncan & Y; Sunbeam O W 148, account Wm Stewart; Standard O W 456, account Duncan & Y; Liberty O W 228, account J Bushnell; Phillips O W 36, account J K Barbour; same 154, account Duncan & Y; Star O W 154, account H McKelvy; Superior O W 338, account Thos Hackett; Riverside O W 148, account same; Model O W 480, account W Stewart; Spray O W 154, account J K Hepler; Riverside O W 36, account H McKelvy.

Total ..... 3,928.

OIL SHIPPED PER WEST PENN R. R.

Union Refining Co. 241 bbls ref. oil to Logan, Bro & Co., Phila.

Total ..... 241 bbls.

OIL SHIPPED EAST PER A. V. R. R. & P. R. R.

Montzheimer & Koehler & Co., 559 bbls ref. oil to Waring, K. & Co., Phila.

Fredericks, Logan & Co., 278 bbls ref. oil to Logan, Bros & Co., Phila.

Lyons & Co. 449 bbls refined oil to Logan Bro. & Co., Philadelphia.

J. M Riter, 317 bbls refined oil to Logan Bros & Co., Phila.

Fawcett, Logan, Stockdale & Co., 273 bbls ref. oil to Logan Bro. & Co., Phil'a.

Fawcett, Logan, Stockdale & Co. 250 bbls refined oil to Logan & Co., Philadelphia.

J. A. McKee & Sons, 250 bbls refined oil to W P. Logan Bros. & Co., Philadelphia.

Lockhart, F. & Co. 250 bbls refined to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Forsyth Bro., 99 bbls ref. oil to Warden, F & Co., Phila.

P. Weisenberger 105 bbls refined oil to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Lockhart, F. & Co. 100 bbls refined oil to Warden, Frew & Co., Phila.

Total ..... 3 311 bbls

[By P. and A. Telegraph Line.]

PHILADELPHIA, July 5, 1871, 2 P. M.—Spot 25⅜@25¼c; July, 25⅛@25¼c; August, 25¼@26c; September, 26@26⅛c; crude, 14½c.

NEW YORK, July 5, 1871.—Spot 25⅝@25¾c; July, 25⅛@25¼c; August, 25¼@26c; September, 26c; crude, 14¾c.

9 P. M.—Spot, 25¾c; July, 25⅛@25¾c; August, 25¼@26c; September, 26c; crude, 14¾c.

BALTIMORE, July 5, 1871.—Market very quiet; nothing doing; $4.60 bid for case.

OIL CITY, July 5, 11:30 A. M.—Market quiet and entirely nominal. Creek held at $4.95@5. Oil City $5.00@5.15 asked and no buyers. Weather clear and warm.

TIDEOUTE, July 5, 11:30 A. M.—Market dull at $4.60.

ROUSEVILLE, July 5 11:45 A. M.—Market dull and nothing doing; offering $4.80. No sales.

PLEASANTVILLE, July 5, 11:45 A. M.—Market quiet and dull at $4.85.

PARKERS, July 5, 12 M.—Market quiet and little doing; $4.80@4.85.

Wool.

Coates Brothers, of Philadelphia, in their Wool Circular of that city, instant, in speaking of the active character of the traffic at steadily advancing prices, so as to secure the wool, says, in many instances wool has been bought on the sheep's back; and shearing is but lately over in some parts where recent heavy rains have delayed it. Very extravagant figures have been paid in the country, to which the Eastern markets are responding. Sales can now be made readily at prices that a few weeks since would not have been thought of. There is little doubt but that the domestic clip is short; and, as there was no old wool left over at the beginning of the season, there usually is, a scarcity before winter is probable. The foreign markets are also tending upward. The sales for the month, of domestic fleece, tub-washed and pulled wool, foot up about 2,750,000 pounds, within the range of 50 to 63 for fleece, 45 to 68 for tub-washed, and 35 to 55 for pulled. The high price which wool has realized to the grower this season will prevent the slaughtering of the usual number of sheep, and we may, therefore, expect a very short supply of pulled wools.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

Chicago.

CHICAGO, July 5, 1871.

FLOUR—Extra spring very dull at $5@6.75.

WHEAT—No. 2 spring family active; closed firm at $1.20⅛; this afternoon unchanged.

CORN—No. 2 mixed active closed at 51¾@51¾; this afternoon quiet.

OATS—No. 2 fairly active; closed at 46c.

RYE—No. 2 quiet at 90c.

BARLEY—No. 2 dull; 75c sale.

HIGHWINES—$1.03 at 90c.

PROVISIONS—Quiet.

LARD—10¾c July.

HOGS—Active; 5@5c higher; $4@4.40.

CATTLE—Quiet; $3.50@6.75.

New York.

NEW YORK, July 5.—Cotton quiet and unchanged; middling upland 20¼c. Flour dull and drooping; sales of 10,000 barrels at State $5.10@5.50; common to good extra $5.50@6.00; good to extra $5.95@6.50; white wheat extra $5.90@7.00; choice extra $5.85@6.60; St. Louis $5.95@9.00. Rye flour and corn meal unchanged. Wheat 1@2c lower; No. 1 red winter offered at $1.35. Corn dull and nominal at 62c; high mixed 61c; low do. Oats held at 58c. Crude petroleum very quiet at $5.00@5.05; refined 25¾@24c.

Milwaukee.

MILWAUKEE, June 5.—Flour: extra spring 50 lower; $5.25@5.50 for medium; $5.50@6.50 for choice. Wheat active; No. 2 $1.22¾; No 1. $1.24. Rye dull and nominal. Corn No. 2 mixed, lower at 51¾c; No. 1 78c.

Detroit.

DETROIT, July 5.—Wheat dull and drooping; extra $1.35 bid, $1.38 asked. Corn dull and declined; 50¾@60c. Oats dull and declined; 50c.

Cotton Markets.

NEW ORLEANS, July 5.—Cotton dull at 20¾c.

CHARLESTON, July 5.—Cotton quiet at 18¾c.

MOBILE, July 5.—Cotton quiet at 19¾c.

GALVESTON, July 5.—Cotton quiet; good ordinary 16c.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD COMPANY, July 5.—12 cars metal. Shoenberger, H & Co; 2 do do, Reese, Graff & Co; 1 do do, McKnight & Co; 100 kgs h shoes, Whitmore, W D & Co; 250 bgs malt, Pier, Dannel & Co; 2 cars potatoes, Voigt, Mahood & Co; 1 car lumber, J Becker; 1 do do, J W Canfield; 1 do do, Hen & Spear; 1 do do, Hill, Patterson & Co; 1 do do, W Rigdon & Co; 100 bbls lime, Reddick & Co; 3 cars oats and rye, W Wells & Co; 120 bdls paper, Godfrey & Clark; 5 boxes d goods, McElroy, D & Co; 8 rolls p paper, Pgh Paper Mfg Co; 2 cars oats, J Graham; 2 do s pipe, J H Davies & Co; 100 bbls flour, Schomaker & Co; 80 bxs cheese, T C Jenkins; 45 bbls potatoes, Voigt, Mahood & Co; 14 bxs mdse, B L Fahnestock & Co; 1 car brick, Keystone Bridge Co; 1 do lumber, W C Hopper; 41 bbls apples and potatoes, H Rea Jr; 5 do do, J W Steel & Bro; 1 bbl eggs, Houck, Jamison & Co; 18 bbls apples and potatoes, VanGorder & S; 3 cars s iron, H Pflaum; 5 bbls apples, 15 do potatoes, Marshall & C; 8 bbls potatoes, 6 do apples, Armstrong & Johnston; 9 bbls potatoes, P Duff & Son; 50 bgs bran, G Blaney; 150 oil bbls, B D Mooney; 2 cars lumber, J M Seibert; 96 chairs, H Berger; 72 do do, T H Cloggett.

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD, July 5.—106 bbls flour, Adams & Knox; 1 car oats, Laing & McKalip; 15 sacks wheat, Gilmore & Co; 1868 bbls paper, McElroy & Co; 50 bbls potatoes, Wm Cooper & Co; 9 do do, 11 do apples, Van Gorder & S; 10 tcs beef, 1 bx tongues, F Sellers & Co; 98 sks oats, 151 do m feed, Hippley & Beckart; 25 bbls oil, J H Parker; 10 do do, S H Baird; 10 do do, R Owens; 2 bbls alcohol, R E Sellers & Co; 2 bxs cigars, A Walker & Son; 20 cases torpedoes, Reyter & Bro; 8 cadds tobacco, J Kohen; 1 bx drugs, Morrison & Bro; 10 bbls oil, E H Myers & Co; 22 bbls apples, 8 do potatoes, 5 boxes pears, Voigt, Mahood & Co; 10 tcs hams, Mercer & Robinson; 25 do do, J P Hamm & Co; 4 cases tobacco, A Schaub; 5 bales tow, E Edmundson; 1 bbl ink, H Singerly; 25 cadds tobacco, 12 butts do, R & W Jenkinson; 6 do do, Carter, Bros & Co; 20 bbls 1 oil, Dilworth, Harper & Co; 10 bbls potatoes, 5 do onions, 5 do apples, Van Gorder & S; 2 bbls alcohol, Holmes, Bell & Co; 30 bbls apples, Fred Owens; 10 bbls onions, J A Graff & Co; 140 do cement, Laing & McKalip; 400 bushels corn, Hannan Wallace; 50 bbls starch, Eagle Cotton Mills.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD, July 5.—400 bbls flour, Shomaker, & Co; 4 cars speltre, Moorhead & Co; 25 bbls h wines, T D Lynch; 25 do do, Shipman & Wallace; 10 tcs s c shoulders, R Owens; 35 cases lard, J C Parker; 3 tcs hams, 100 bbls flour, Watt, Laing & Co; 3 pkgs tobacco, Wm Penn Nut Co; 100 bbls, Anderson; 8 rolls mdse, G Ellis; 15 pkgs pickels, Jenkins; 5 do do, D W Garrett; 1 car corn, Laing & McKalip; 1 do lumber, Armstrong & L; 1 keg butter, 2 bbls eggs, Voigt, M & Co; 4 sks wool, S Harbaugh & Co; 2 tubs butter, 1 coop chickens, 7 bbls flour, Jenkins & Co; 1 car S; 1 car cooperage, B D Moore; 1 do oats, C H Lewis; 3 cars corn, R Wallace; 50 tcs hams, W H Hays & Son; 50 bbls flour, Voegtly & Koppe; 45 bxs cheese, Woodworth & D; 100 do do, Dilworth, H & Co; 1 car oats, W G Miller; 1 do do, W J Meek; 100 bbls flour, Jenkins & Co; 10 do brooms, W M Gormly; 15 bbls flour, P Duff & Son; 25 bxs soap, G Hastheil; 15 do do, J A Robinson; 13 do do, Dunbar & Co; 20 do do, G Stevens; 30 do do, J & A Dietz; 25 do do, H F Shorb; 25 bxs soap, G Hastheil; J Y McLaughlin; 1 car m iron, Graff, B & Co; 18 bxs cheese, H Rea Jr.

ALLEGHENY STATION, July 5.—50 bbls apples, 5 do potatoes, Fred Owens; 36 pcs pipe, Patten Bro; 4 cars ore, Lewis, Bailey & D; 1 car lumber, L Walters & Son; 1 do do, Mulien & S; 4 cars staves, Halyard & H; 8 pkgs cigars, R & W Jenkinson; 50 bbls glue, F W Gerdis; 20 bales cotton, Holmes, Bell & Co; 5 boxes candles, S Mora & Co; 20 boxes soap, G Stevens; 30 do do, J & A Dietz; 25 do do, H F Shorb; 10 pcs leather, J Y McLaughlin; 1 car m iron, Graff, B & Co; 18 bxs cheese, H Rea Jr.

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—Mr. John L. Maples, a well-known clerk on Red river, died near San Antonia, Texas, last Saturday night, the 24th inst.

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—Captain H. H. Symmes has sold his interest—seven-sixteenths—in steamer Mary E. Forsyth, to Messrs. Castner & Sons.

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JOHN M. COOPER,

Steam Pumps,

No. 882 PENN STREET,

je30 PITTSBURGH, PA.

Macrum & Carlisle,

27 FIFTH AVENUE,

Have Opened a Complete Line of

Hamburgs,
Real Laces,
Lace Collars,
Linen Collars.

ALL THE NEW STYLES

Parasols,
French Corsets,
Glove-Fitting Corsets,
Hoop Skirts, new shape,
Fringes, Gimps, Buttons,
Corded and Plain Satin,
Plain and Fancy Bow Ribbons.

A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF THE

"HARRIS SEAMLESS KID GLOVE,"

Elegant shades, reduced to

$2.00 Per Pair.

A FULL LINE OF

Foreign and Domestic Hosiery.

ap6 tg6-MWF

THE BEST

Are the Cheapest!

BURT'S

FINE SHOES,

For Ladies, Misses and Children,

Are well known to be the BEST. All warranted None Genuine without his Trade Mark.

A full line of these goods are sold in Pittsburgh BY

W. E. Schmertz & Co.,

31 Fifth Avenue.

FOR SALE.

MAGNIFICENT

BUILDING SITES.

Lots! Lots! Lots!

The most attractive and desirable sites for homes within the city limits. Good neighborhood, good water, fuel convenient, easy of access, being located at Fort Herron, the terminus of the Central Passenger Railway. Terms easy. Inquire of

C. H. LOVE,

No. 58 FOURTH AVENUE, or to

R. G. HERRON,

ON THE PREMISES.

ap15:c29

THE

BALTIMORE AMERICAN

And Commercial Advertiser.

ESTABLISHED IN

MORNING, 1774 AND WEEKLY

AFTERNOON, EDITIONS.

Merchants and others in Pittsburgh and vicinity seeking Southern and Western trade will find THE AMERICAN an advertising medium unsurpassed by any newspaper South, and a prominent first-class business and family journal. THE AMERICAN has a large and rapidly increasing circulation along the line of all the railroads connecting Pittsburgh and Baltimore. Specimen copies sent free.

CHAS. C. FULTON & SON,

ap29 BALTIMORE, MD.

LEATHER,

Hides and Oil,

GEO. H. ANDERSON & CO.,

No. 128 Second Avenue

(Near Smithfield street.) PITTSBURGH, PA

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DREKA,

Importer and Retail Dealer in

FINE STATIONERY,

WEDDING, VISITING,

PARTY AND BUSINESS

CARD ENGRAVING

MONOGRAMS, ARMS,

ILLUMINATING, &c.

Orders by mail receive prompt attention. Send for samples. 1033 CHESTNUT STREET, Philadelphia.

FINANCIAL.

AMERICAN BANK,

No. 80 Fourth Avenue,

PITTSBURGH

CASH CAPITAL.....$200,000

Stockholders Individually Liable.

BANK OF DISCOUNT AND DEPOSIT.

JOHN FLOYD WM. FLOYD,

President. Cashier.

DIRECTORS:

Thos. M. Marshall, John M. Maitland,
Wm. T. Shannon, Archibald Walker,
James Ker Arnold, Jas. H. Reed,
Chas. B. Lesoh, Jas. Park,
John Floyd.

Collections made on all points in the United States and Canada. Prompt attention paid to correspondents. ap10:k48

Max Schamberg,

No. 161 SMITHFIELD STREET,

(Sixth and Seventh avenue,) PITTSBURGH, PA.

Foreign Exchange and Passage.

Bonds, Stocks, Gold, Silver, &c., bought and sold on Commission.

Postal Money Orders on Europe issued under guarantee of the North German Post Department

Foreign Money bought and sold

Inheritances and Legacies collected in Europe.

Passage Agency of all first-class English and German Lines. no24:26

CITY BANK,

112 FIFTH AVENUE.

PITTSBURGH, PA.

CAPITAL.....$100,000

STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE bought and sold, and when desired remitted to Europe. Collections made and all business with points of the United States and Canadas.

DOMINION BANK.

DIRECTORS:

H. A. FREYVOGLE, Vice President. J. W. TAYLOR, Cashier.

D. Ihmsen, Chas. Maginn,
Terence Campbell, J. S. Adams,
Thomas Rourke, James McCabe,
Thomas Barnes, Wm. Gallery,
R. J. Grace, H. A. Freyvogle,
James Phelan, P. Lefebvre,
F. Kane.

ja7:65 JOS. M. GAZZAM, Solicitor.

Franklin Savings Bank,

No. 42 OHIO STREET, Allegheny,

CAPITAL.....$100,000.

Stockholders individually liable.

Interest paid on time deposits.

DIRECTORS.

GEO. R. RIDDLE, D. MACFERRON,
J. W. HALL, STACY DRUM,
WM. BURGOYNE, JOHN M. TATE,
F. D. ESHELMAN.

GEO. R. RIDDLE, President.

JAS. H. RIDDLE, Cashier. my15

Allegheny Savings Bank,

ALLEGHENY, PA.

ORGANIZED IN 1845.

STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.

Deposits received and 6 per cent. allowed on time deposits. Particular attention given to Collections and proceeds promptly remitted.

Discount days, MONDAY and THURSDAY.

DIRECTORS:

James L. Graham, John Benn,
A. Moore, G. Welsh,
D. Deffaven, Andrew Ackley,
S. H. Graham.

JAMES L. GRAHAM, President.

JOHN W. RIDDLE, Cashier. ja15:all

THE CITY BANK,

Wheeling, W. Va.

INDIVIDUAL LIABILITY.

Special attention paid to collections and remittances made for same on day of payment. The interest of correspondents carefully guarded. The New York correspondent, American Exchange National Bank.

R. CRANGLE, President.

JAMES DALZELL, Vice President.

E. H. EUCLES, Cashier. ap29:r38

ALLEGHENY

NATIONAL BANK,

Of Pittsburgh.

No. 33 FIFTH AVENUE.

Capital Stock.....$500,000.

J. W. COOK, President,
E. W. MACKEY, Cashier,
W. McCANDLESS, Asst. Cashier.

je26:z28

COMMERCIAL

BANKING COMPANY,

No. 92 Fourth Ave., Pittsburgh.

CAPITAL.....$200,000

Stockholders Individually Liable.

W. H. EVERSON, President. W. C. MACRUM, Cashier.

DIRECTORS:

ALEXANDER BATES, JOHN LINDSAY,
H. ENGLISH, D. S. MACRUM,
W. H. EVERSON, JOHN O. PHILLIPS,
W. O. HUGHARY, E. F. WILSON,
JACOB KLEE.

Collections made on all accessible points of the United States and Canadas.

INTEREST allowed on TIME DEPOSITS.

Prompt attention given to all business of correspondents.

HART, CAUGHEY & CO.

Bankers and Brokers,

CORNER FOURTH AND WOOD STREETS,

Pittsburgh, Pa.,

(SUCCESSORS TO HANNA, HART & CO.,)

DEALERS IN

Exchange, Coin, Coupons,

And particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of

Government Bonds.

ALSO

Sight Draughts on London.

de1:m32

N. Holmes & Sons,

BANKERS.

57 Market Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Collections made on all the principal points of the United States and Canadas.

STOCKS, BONDS AND OTHER SECURITIES,

BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.

Particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of

United States Securities.

au20:all

RIVER NEWS.

The river remains stationary at this point with about 23 inches in the channel by the metal mark. Weather warm and cloudy with every appearance at times of more rain.

There has been no arrivals or departures since the date of our last report, excepting the regular packets, the slack water packets.

Capts. John R. Conway, of the Esperanza, and Reuben Rees, of the Wauanita, are in town.

Capt. Conway left the Esperanza at Sistern City; he expects to return in a few days again.

The Juniata is laid up at Cincinnati; she will be re-painted and otherwise improved.

Capt. W. B. Donaldson, late of the Great Republic, is now connected with the Iron Mountain Railroad; he is located at St. Louis.

—Captain Bringhurst loses $10,000 by the burning of the Red Cloud, which was valued at more than four times that sum. Besides the large cargo of cotton, the steamer had two hundred head of cattle and thirty cabin passengers. Immediately upon the sounding of the first alarm of fire the steamer was run ashore, but it being discovered that the fire was in the forward part of the hold she was backed out and headed again, this time with her stern to a high bank. The passengers were thus enabled to escape, and, with the assistance of the crew, save nearly all their effects. The books and papers of the boat were all secured.

—The pilots of the steamer La Belle agree with those of the Tidal Wave, as regards the swiftness of the current at the mouth of Red river. The Mississippi is so much higher that the Red river that the water rushes out of the latter into the former with such velocity that it creates a rippling motion, resembling that of a considerable cascade. They say that the steamer almost comes to a halt at several points, and was nearly two hours passing from the mouth to a point ten miles above it.

—The colors of the steamers in port at St. Paul, last Thursday, were displayed at half mast, in respect to the memory of Capt. Edward Lee Brady, late Clerk of the Northern Line steamer Muscatine, who died in Lake City, Minnesota, on Wednesday last, after a short illness. The deceased was widely known on all our western and Southern waters, and formerly resided in Pittsburgh, the home of a bereaved sister.

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SPECIAL NOTICES.

CONSUMPTION.

Its Cure and its Preventive.

BY J. H. SCHENCK, M.D.

Many a human being has passed away, for whose death there was no other reason than the neglect of well known and indisputably proven means of cure. Those near and dear to family and friends are keeping the dreamless slumber into which, had they calmly adopted

DR. JOSEPH H. SCHENCK'S SIMPLE TREATMENT,

and availed themselves of his wonderfully efficacious medicines, they would not have fallen.

Dr. Schenck has in his own case proved that wherever sufficient vitality remains, that vitality, by his medicines and his directions for their use, is quickened into healthful vigor.

In

HOME NEWS.

Students from all parts of the Union at the Iron City College, Penn and Sixth streets.

To the Ladies.—All the retail dry goods stores will close at 5 o'clock P. M., until September 1st. COMMITTEE.

We direct attention to the card of Messrs. Bassett & Brown, house, sign and fresco painters, No. 37 Sixth avenue, Pittsburgh. Long experience has enabled them to do their work in the highest style of art. Houses, churches and other buildings frescoed, grained and painted in the best style.

Letters Retained for Postage:
Bigley, Mollie, Alpsville, Pa., 1.
Millville & House; Washington, Pa., 1.
Ralston, Jos., Meane, O., 3.
Stewart, Jas., Handion station, Pa., 1.
Shorts, Wm., Wilkins, Pa., 3.
Skidmond, Geo. H., Riverhead, N. Y., 3.

Handsome Dividend.—That staunch, sterling and thoroughly reliable Fire and Marine Insurance Company, the National of Allegheny, over whose affairs Secretary James E. Stevenson presides so ably at No. 23 Diamond, has just declared a dividend of two dollars and fifty cents per share, payable on churches and other buildings frescoed, grained and demand. She vomited blood profusely after the accident.

In the evening, as Mr. Kelling was leading his horse back, near the same place, the animal took fright again and ran off, dragging Mr. K. about fifty yards, bruising him considerably. Although the horse fell down, cutting himself badly.

The "Reception" Expenses.

The Reception Committee held a meeting yesterday afternoon to finish up the business in connection with the visit of the Baltimoreans to Pittsburgh. The principal business to be considered was that in connection with the bills, but as all of them had not been handed in, but little progress was made. It is said that the committee are having a lively time with the parties who furnished the supplies, and the "cutting down" process has been put into operation in some cases rather effectively. The committee intend, when the bills have all been presented and approved by them, to bring the matter before Councils, with a resolution that the accounts be referred to the Finance Committee for auditing and settlement if found correct. The exact aggregate amount has not yet been estimated, and rumor puts it all the way from $10,000 to $20,000. As information is positive in the assurance that "it will not go over $10,000," while another, from "those figuring," says $15,000 to be ex-cet will be the "dot." In the meantime the members of the committee have but little to say, apparently preferring to let the matter first before Councils at their meeting on Monday.

Obituary.

The relatives and friends of Capt. W. M. McClosky were greatly saddened on the 4th inst., by a telegram announcing his sudden demise at Huntsville, Alabama, whither he had removed in the autumn of 1869. The Captain was a native of this State, being born in Mercer county. Though farming was his choice pursuit—and its attractions lingered with him through life—he came early in manhood to Pittsburgh and engaged in floating coal to the lower cities, and was amongst the first introducing the present barge and towing mode, and had the construction and care of the pioneer steam tug Alps, continuing with her for years and met with much prosperity. Succeeding this he formed a co-partnership with Messrs. Dunohes, Wilson & Poland, who built the large steamers which the Government chartered and proved very efficient in conveying troops during the rebellion. His attachment, however, for agriculture led him to close out his effects here and purchase a plantation adjoining Huntsville, Alabama, upon which he was growing cotton. In intercourse he was frank and out-spoken—no policy of tongue or concealments, possessing considerable judgment, and in all dealings, fair and just, and of scrupulous honesty, leaving his down-stricken wife, children and relatives a character without stain or blemish. His wife had been on a visit to her friends here when the telegraph conveyed the sad tidings of his his untimely death and her recall. Peace to his ashes.

Real Estate Transfers Filed Since our Last Report.

William Creahan, executor, to Benj. F. Hoffman, June 20, 1868: 15 28-100 perches of land in the village of Noblestown.....$600
James H. McHall to Joseph Patridge, June 26, 1871: 25 acres and 90 perches of land in North Fayette township, with buildings.....$1,000
Wm. H. Hastings to Adam Bephley, June 28, 1871: 11 acres 92 perches of land in Ross township.....$2,400
Wm. Patterson to D. L. Patterson, April 25, 1871: lot No. 1 in A. Patterson's plan of lots, Sixth ward, Allegheny city, with buildings.....$1,700
Nicholas Stein to Thoms M. Biggs, June 19, 1871: 58 20-100 perches of land, Baldwin township.....$145
R. E. Breed to Wm. Paul, May 2, 1870: lot No. 32 in R. E. Breed's plan of lots, McKeesport.....$150
David McKee to Geo. M. McKee, April 18, 1871: 20 acres 50 perches of land in North Fayette township, with buildings.....$5,000
John H. Pare to Samuel C. Lloyd, January 11, 1866: No. 5 in Pare's plan of knoll lots in Lower St. Clair township.....$550
Nicholas Wolf to Matthew Bembardi, April 29, 1871: 2 acres 90 100 perches of land, Baldwin township, with buildings.....$1,200
Bridget Hogan, administratrix, to Jas. Woodrow, May 12, 1871: improvement on Jackson street, Twenty-first ward, Pittsburgh, with buildings.....$1,600
Thomas Mellon et ux. to James Woodrow, May 17, 1871: 25x100 feet on Jackson street, Twenty-first ward, Pittsburgh, with buildings.....$350

A Day in the Woods.

One of the most pleasant gatherings of the Fourth was that of the Knowison M. E. Sunday school, held in Neeid's grove, West Liberty, Lower St. Clair township. The pleasure seekers were out on the ground betimes and the mirth and fun were about fairly inaugurated, when the lowering clouds discharged their showers—and all associations of a happy time disappeared. Happily, however, the pic-nicers found a friend in Mr. George Neeid, in whose grounds they had gathered and who, with his well known generosity, tendered them the use of his mansion until the rain had ceased to fall. This most timely offer was accepted and the festivity and revelry continued there. Mr. Neeid, with his estimable lady and family, did everything in their power to provide for the comfort and enjoyment of their surprise party, and accomplished their object in a manner which won the most hearty praise from each of the one hundred and seventy-five persons, young and old, who shared in their hospitalities.

After dinner an adjournment to the ground took place, and the remainder of the afternoon, when the number was reinforced by over a hundred visitors and friends, some of whom came from the city. How enjoyably the time passed it would be impossible to do the time passed it would be impossible to do accurately detail unless all the pleasures of croquet, base ball, swinging, prisoner's base, quoit pitching, foot ball, conversation, singing, &c., &c., could be enumerated; the time sped rapidly, and it was with genuine regret that the participants in the festivities, warned by the lengthening shadows of the evening, began to make preparations to leave the ground.

The picnic was one of the most enjoyable held by the school—which was in a great measure owing to the indefatigable exertions of the young pastor of the church, Rev. Mr. Jones, who made himself at home in the various plays.) Mr. George Neeid, (whose kindness and liberality made a friend for him in every participant,) and others. This celebration of Knowison Sunday School was an occasion that will long remain as a pleasant memory.

Disgraceful Fight at Roup's Station.

MESSRS EDITORS: On the evening of the 4th a most disgraceful fight occurred at Roups station, Pennsylvania Railroad. The parties engaged in it after enjoying themselves at a pic-nic, held at McFarland's Grove and well loaded up with "red rye" seemed to think the day's pleasure not over without having an Irish fist-fight of which some twenty or thirty persons participated in it. Stones were thrown, windows mashed, and a number of sore heads was the result of the enjoyment. The citizens of the Twentieth ward, and especially those in the immediate vicinity of McFarland's Grove are becoming alarmed at the public nuisance of pic-nics in the above grove. Scarcely a day's enjoyment can be had without a pitched battle or a number of drunk, on rowdies make evening and night hideous. There is surely a want of more police officers in that neighborhood. Only two officers at the grove yesterday and none to be seen around the station house at night.

J. STEVENSON,
Roups Station.

Great Sale,
See advertisement.

BREVITIES.

CAMP-MEETINGS next.
SUNSTROKES are in season.
WHEAT HARVEST about over.
ALLEGHENY COUNCILS to-night.
SEVERAL of the pic-nics were very disorderly.
UNREGARDED—Ye Fire Marshal's proclamation.
The Central Hotel continues to be crowded daily.
THERMOMETERS 86 degrees in the shade yesterday.
OAKLAND park races on the Fourth won by Tom Thumb.
15,550,000 gallons of beer consumed annually in New York.
CLOVER HAY is the last addition to the vegetable market.
PICNICS on the 4th were a loseing investment to many.
COL. WM. PHILLIPS arrived home from the East yesterday.
THE Pennsylvania Railroad track still remains on Liberty street.
RAILROAD MANAGERS are congratulating over the receipts for the "Fourth."
COL. PHILLIPS has spent eighty thousand dollars renovating the Central Hotel.
CAR NO. 9, Pleasant Valley Railway, broke down on Ninth street yesterday morning.
FRED AIMS, with his Variety troupe will give an entertainment at Dixmont to-day.
THE stage of water in the river is lower to-day than at any time previous during the year.
SEVERAL of our iron and nail mills and glass houses will stop for repairs next week.
JOSEPH MURPHY had a coat stolen from him by James Hood, valued at twenty-six dollars.
CLERK PATTERSON'S new pants patents weren't always the way they appeared after Sibley's arrest.
A VALUABLE horse belonging to one of our livery men dropped dead at Ross Station on the 4th.
BUSINESS is dull, and with the exception of July settlements, but little will be done for the next six weeks.
A GRAND fox hunt was one of the methods adopted by a number of young gentlemen of Sewickley to "pass off" the Fourth.
THE proprietors of the Union Depot Hotel gave a grand dinner to their friends and several members of the press on the 4th.
THE drunks and disorderlies on the Fourth were of course numerous, yet fewer than is usual on gala days about Pittsburgh.
HUNDREDS of packs of fire crackers were fired off on our streets on the 4th, the proclamation to the contrary notwithstanding.
MAYOR CALLOW offers $25 reward for the detection of the thief who stole one of the drinking cups from the City Hall Fountain.
YESTERDAY an unknown woman fell in a fit on Seventeenth street. She recovered in a short time and was enabled to move along.
U. S. MAIL is now regularly transmitted between Pittsburgh and Cumberland by trains of the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad.
REV. DR. GRACEY is lying in a critical condition at his residence on Forty-fourth street. His recovery is considered a matter of doubt.
THE new Lutheran Church edifice on Stockton avenue, Allegheny, is fast approaching completion. It will be an ornament to the city.
AN excursion train on the Connellsville railroad jumped the track on Tuesday evening, seriously damaging the tempers of the excursionists.
REV. DR. J. B. CLARK is improving in health he has been suffering for a few days past with a very serious attack of congestion of the lungs.
MCCLURE'S tobacco store, Liberty street next the Mansion House was robbed of three boxes of cigars and two dollars in cash, Tuesday night.
THE 18th Military Division commanding officers will meet to-night at headquarters, for the purpose of making arrangements for an encampment.
PITTSBURGH has about twenty-five young men that will get not less than ten years to the penitentiary if our Judges ever get hold of them and justice is done.
THE Street Committee will meet on the corner of Liberty and Fourteenth streets, this morning at 8 o'clock, for the purpose of testing the new street sweeping machine.
A BRUTE, whose name we did not learn, whipped a horse over an inch deep gutter on Smithfield street on the 4th. Kind treatment and less whipping is what our horses want.
GOV. GEO. W. GEARY received a telegram from Cincinnati yesterday, announcing the serious illness of Lieut. Barr, of the Heath Guards, who has accompanied the excursion and is now on his way home.
ALLEGHENY is to have a respectable hotel at the "Meadville flim has leased a portion of Frazier's property, on Sandusky and Fifth streets, and will open a first-class house about October 1st.
MR. ROBERT WATSON, member of City councils was severely hurt yesterday by being thrown from a horse upon which he was riding on Liberty street, near the Grain Elevator. He was removed to his house in a carriage.
WHY are the men who sell beer and whisky at picnics not arrested for selling without license. Where selling is permitted it is certainly the height of impudence to try to put a man off the grounds for getting drunk on what he paid for.
A collision of freight trains collided at Sand Work's station Connellsville Railroad yesterday morning. The regular morning trains were delayed about an hour and a half by the accident, and passengers had to change cars at the point. No person was hurt.
WE announce this morning a dividend of six per cent. on the earnings of the first six months of the Second National Bank of Allegheny. This betokens a clever management of affairs and a very healthy financial condition of this reliable banking institution.
THE new Good Will steamer in Allegheny was tested yesterday, with steam up, at the wharf on the corner of Sycamore street and North Canal, and afterward taken to the river bank, between the Suspension and Sheriff street bridges. The test proved very satisfacrory.
P. SHIDEL & SON are tearing out the front of their store to put in a fine, French plate plated glass. Mr. George Chalmers one of the best carpenters in the city for putting in fronts is doing the work. This will add one more to the improvements on Smithfield street.
THE insane man, Harris, whose arrival in the city we chronicled on Tuesday was placed in the lock-up by his brother who he remained until yesterday evening when he was taken to Dixmont. During his ravings in his cell he tore every particle of clothing from his body.
AN UNKNOWN LADY has sent a drinking cup to the authorities for the use of the people, resembling City Hall Allegheny. The cup bears the inscription, "Ho every one that thirsteth come ye to the waters." We already one of the cups first put at the fountain has disappeared and this one may go the same way.
THE citizens of Allegheny are circulating a petition to Councils asking that the large area of waste land in front of South avenue be improved for a Riverside Park. The idea is a very feasible one. This locality, as it now is, with seventy acres should not be permitted longer to remain the eye-sore that it now is.
WHY don't the Mayor instruct his police to arrest the ubiquitous dogs that infest our streets. Men who are not fit to be dogs are permitted to beat horses by the hour and not a word said to them yet dogs are arrested by the dog catch detect dumb animals as well as human beings. We do hope Mayor Brush will give his attention to these dog nuisances.
THE Directors of the Monongahela Bridge Company will hold a meeting to-day to consider the assessment on the bridge which was passed at the last session of the Legislature, granting them all the privileges asked for in the bill for building of the bridge. The new structure will be wholly of stone, iron and steel and will cost about $300,000.
THE Board of Public Works of Allegheny council Board has re-elected unanimously, the following teachers to serve during the ensuing year: Lydia Mason, female Principal; Isaac Jones, Thompson, Male, Grammar, Mary J. Wilkeson; Female Intermediate, ——— ——, J. B. Wilkeson; Primary, vacant; Female, Sr., ——— ———; Male, Sr., H. B. Fowler; Male, Jr., Primary, Annie C. Marshall.
THE pupils of the colored schools of Allegheny city, will give an exhibition at Excelsior Hall, on Thursday and Friday evenings, July 6th and 7th. We have not seen a programme of the performances, which will be conducted under the care of Prof. S. A. Neale, but we feel confident the exercises will be of most interesting character and we would recommend any of our readers who may wish to spend an agreeable evening to visit this entertainment.
WE HAVE RECEIVED the second number of the *People's Monthly*, an illustrated literary journal, dedicated to "all who labor with hand or head," published by McKnight, Lowry & Co., in this city. The present number is a great improvement on the first in every respect, and rivals the Eastern illustrated publications. It contains a fine and faithful portrait of the late Rev. Charles A. Avery, with biographical sketch, a cut of his monument, and a number of other choice engravings of a local nature.

BIRMINGHAM COUNCILS.

Regular Monthly Meeting Last Night.

The Birmingham Councils on last evening held a regular meeting.

Messrs. Kerr, Duncan, Conway, Doyle, and Zielel were present.

On motion of Mr. Duncan, Dr. Kerr was called to preside in the absence of Burgess Salisbury.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved.

Mr. Duncan of the Street Committee, reported several improvements on the streets. Report accepted and approved. The Committee also recommended double tracks on Twelfth street from Washington to Manor streets.

Mr. Doyle reported that improvements had yet been made with the butchers in regard to the stalls in the market house, but thought they had a right to them for five years.

Mr. B. Welker, being present, spoke at some length about the injustice done to the property holders on Manor street by the railroad company; they commenced grading yesterday, and in fact the grading done on the street was similar to the proprietors of the same, who looked upon the storm as really a blessing in disguise. About noon, however, the clouds began to break away, the rain ceased and soon the sun was shining brightly once more. Then those who had been waiting until hope died forth in quest of fun, and as the rain continued many of these began to fill the saloons and similar places of resort, greatly to the pleasure of